

U. S. CABINET WILL DEPEND ON CARRANZA

NOTES TO MAINTAIN PRESENT POLICY WITH REFERENCE TO MEXICAN SITUATION.

INTERVENTION CLAMOR

Senator Works Introduces Resolution Giving President Right to Interfere—Quiet Restored In U. S. Border Cities.

BULLETIN.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Jan. 14.—General Carranza today telegraphed his ambassador here as follows:

"The murderous attack on the passenger train near Chihuahua was made by the only remaining band of outlaws in that region. This band is being driven by my troops with a view to insure its capture, whereupon condign punishment which their crime deserves will be applied to every guilty participant. Troops of the constitutional government have been ordered to establish patrol to the end of railroad line in order to defend against similar outrages."

General Carranza's dispatch was the first direct assurances that he will comply with urgent representations with the United States government.

Two Bandits Executed.

El Paso, Jan. 14.—Generals Jose Diazquez and Almeida were executed at Madero shortly after their arrest, according to advices received here by Mexican consul today, who declared in answer to formal inquiries that no armed expeditionary forces of Americans would be permitted to enter Mexico to run down Villa and his bandits.

Washington, Jan. 14.—At today's cabinet meeting it was decided that the present policy would be maintained and General Carranza would be depended upon to punish the Villa bandits who killed American citizens.

Intervention.

Senator Works, republican, of California, today introduced a resolution authorizing and directing the president to intervene in Mexico to establish and maintain a government there until it is safe to withdraw.

No Martial Law.

Secretary Garrison said today he has no advices that martial law has pointed out that the army probably was adding the civil authorities of the country, maintaining order using a protest guard to control insurrection about the city. Brigadier General Pershing, he said, had no power to intervene unless the situation was one of international character.

If any citizens of El Paso sought vengeance upon a Mexican there for an act committed in Mexico, he added, it did not constitute an internal situation, but was an invasion of local laws of a state and subject to state authority.

Even should the state authorities and themselves unable to maintain order, the secretary added, an appeal would have to be made by the government to the president and formal authority issued at Washington before martial law could be declared.

Maintain Provoat Patrol.

A provost patrol has been maintained by army authorities to aid the 10,000 soldiers in order. It has not only cooperated and even has been responsible to city authorities for any instruction of local laws.

Army officers here believe that if soldiers participated in fighting in El Paso, as indicated, General Pershing probably increased the provost patrol for arresting soldiers only, but army patrols in no way interfered with joint in controlling civilian disturbances.

Restore Order at Ft. Bliss.

El Paso, Jan. 14.—Martial law was lifted just at midnight by General John J. Pershing, commanding at Fort Bliss, early today had restored order and comparative quiet in this border town for three days in a tumult of excitement, growing out of the massing of eighteen foreigners by Mexican agents in western Chihuahua last night.

United States troops early today were in control of the city sentries and placed on all principal streets.

The proclamation by federal authorities was taken to relieve the situation, which, it is feared, will result in reprisals on Mexicans.

Despite efforts of municipal authorities to control the demonstration of the Mexicans, apprehension was for their safety. Numerous fights between foreigners and Americans, with soldiers participating. The Mexican quarter was invaded and the foreigners sought refuge from hotel to hotel.

One hundred and fifty arrests were made during the night. Eighty-four of these were in the rear end of the Madison passenger at West Allis station, the steam from an engine standing on the second track hiding the waiting train. The last car was telescoped.

JANESVILLE MAN IS ON LIST OF INJURED

Charles P. Newton Among Those Hurt in Smash Up at West Allis, on Northwestern Road.

Among the list of injured in the rear end collision on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad at West Allis Friday morning was Charles P. Newton of this city, who was returning from Milwaukee to this city to purchase stock for the Prange stock company. The accident occurred when a Chicago passenger ran into the rear end of the Madison passenger at West Allis station, the steam from an engine standing on the second track hiding the waiting train. The last car was telescoped.

LA FOLLETTE HERE SATURDAY EVENING

Expected to Arrive at Seven Tomorrow Evening—Will Meet Friends at Myers Hotel.

Senator R. M. La Follette is expected to arrive in Janesville Saturday evening at seven over the Northwestern road. He will be escorted to the Myers hotel, where an informal reception will be held and then go to the Myers theatre, where he will deliver his address. Victor P. Richardson will introduce the senator to the audience. It is expected that many friends of the senator will be at the Myers hotel to greet him on his arrival in the city.

Americans at Madero Safe.
All Americans at Madero, Mexico, were reported safe in official dispatches today to the state department.

Carranza's Action.
Washington, Jan. 14.—Administrative officials today anxiously awaited outcome of General Carranza's orders to round up and punish the Mexican outlaws concerned in the killing of American citizens near Chihuahua City.

Assurances that this would be done have been given by Eliseo Arredondo, ambassador designate of the defunct government of Mexico. Officials informed today that the steps thus far taken by Carranza's authorities to apprehend the bandits apparently were satisfactory. Carranza will be expected, however, to punish murder and furnish evidence of it.

Secretary Lansing again warns Americans in Mexico to leave districts where there is revolutionary trouble and indicates that all American consuls may be withdrawn from cities of Durango, Chihuahua and Sonora pending the restoration of order.

Americans at Madero Safe.
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CETINJE NOW SURRENDERS SAYS VIENNA

FALL OF MONTENEGRIN CAPITAL BEFORE AUSTRIANS MAY RESULT IN PEACE MOVE.

NO MOVE AT SALONIKI

Activity of French in Isolating Greek City Mistaken for Teuton Attack.—Allies Landing More Troops.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Vienna, Jan. 14.—The capture of Cetinje, capital of Montenegro, was announced by the war office.

The fall of Cetinje before invading Austrian forces which greatly outnumbered the comparatively small Montenegrin armies, was regarded as a matter of only a short time after the capture by Austrians of Mont Lovcen.

Cetinje is only six miles from that stronghold.

The present location of the Montenegrin capital is uncertain, but it is assumed the seat of the government was removed to some point in the interior when it became apparent that Cetinje was in peril.

There have been conflicting reports as to the whereabouts of King Nicholas, but he and officials of his government have taken refuge in the mountains. Both Cetinje in the hands of the Austrians, and Montenegro are hemmed in on almost every side and unlike the Serbians have little opportunity to retire beyond the borders of their country. It is doubtful whether they will be able to escape into northern Albania, and should they do so they would be opposed by hostile tribes of that region.

Saloniki is a small and unpretentious town, its population twenty years ago was less than 3,000. It is situated in a narrow valley at an elevation of 2,000 feet.

Austria Makes Proposal.

London, Jan. 14.—A wireless dispatch from Rome reiterating the report of armistice between Austria and Montenegro, states that it was Austria which proposed a cessation of hostilities with the purpose of negotiating a separate peace.

No Attack on Saloniki.

London, Jan. 14.—It is authoritative announced today that the reported offensive of the Teutonic allies against Saloniki did not occur. The attack of the forces of the allies apparently originated in activity of the French in blowing up the bridges connecting Saloniki with the road over which the attackers would normally travel. Bridges were destroyed by the French not only at Demir Hisar and the Struma in December, but also at the Kardzhali south of Doiran.

All bridges destroyed were in Greek territory. The rumors that Austria and Montenegro have suspended hostilities for the purpose of discussing arrangements whereby further warfare on Montenegrin soil would be stopped, may be based simply on the fact that the Austrian advance in Montenegro has become so slow that suspicion of a suspension of hostilities is naturally aroused.

Montenegrin Situation.

Many military critics, however, are in such a position that a form of arrangement with her adversary has become imperative. Speculation is rife as to the attitude which Italy has maintained in regard to the invasion of Montenegro by the Austrians, but which constitutes a grave menace to Italian interests.

The Italian fleet did not prevent an Austrian squadron from assisting in the reduction of Mount Lovcen, which dominates the harbor of Cattaro, is being commented upon, though experts admit there is not a sufficient basis of information from which to draw deduction. In the matter, and they suggest that Italy's action in the present juncture should be awaited before judgment is passed, and that action, they point out, would naturally be kept secret as long as possible.

Operations in Galicia.

News of the development of military operations in Galicia and Bessarabia is awaited with much interest here, although both sides are unusually reticent with regard to the operations.

Austria usually sends out the first information on the military activities in that region, but beyond a general review of the Russian offensive movement, she gives today but little light of happenings on her frontier.

The Austrian military authorities affirm the sole result of the Russian offensive to date has been the pushing back of one Austrian battalion for a few hundred yards.

Allies Land More Troops.

Berlin, Jan. 14.—Dispatches from Serbia say information has been brought here that the allies continue to land forces on a considerably increased scale at Saloniki and at Orfano Bay, fifty miles to the south, northeast of Saloniki. Despite the heavy forces already landed and concentrated in Saloniki camp, no purpose of taking the offensive has yet been displayed on the part of the allies, who, according to this informant, have completed their second line of defense and are working actively to finish the third line.

BILL TO INCREASE GUARD INTRODUCED

Senator Cummings Offers Bill to Raise National Guard to Four Hundred Thousand in Peace Time.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Jan. 14.—Increase of the national guard to a peace strength of 400,000 and war strength of 800,000 is proposed in bills introduced today by Senator Cummings, republican.

Three year enlistments; three times the camp maneuvers and rifle practice now required; no obligation to perform police duty after 1920, and conversion of six army posts into federal schools for reserve officers are their principal features.

BRITISH LIEUTENANT FROM SEATTLE WINS BRIDE WHILE FIGHTING.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE]

London, Jan. 14.—One of the real romances of the war will culminate soon at Amsterdam in the marriage of Lieutenant H. G. Rawlins, Bournemouth, England, formerly of Seattle, Wash., to Miss E. De Jong. At the outbreak of the war Lieutenant Rawlins was in Seattle, enlisted at the office of the British consul there. Returning to England, he was commissioned an officer in the Royal Naval Division and went to Antwerp with Winston Churchill's naval brigade. Rawlins met his future bride in the military hospital at Amsterdam after his brigade was forced to retreat into Holland. The hospital was in charge of Dr. De Jong, who often brought his comely daughter to visit the wounded. It was love at first sight when she saw Lieutenant Rawlins.

AMERICAN SOLDIER REMOVED FROM SHIP BY BRITISH AGENT

First Incident of Kind Since 1812 Occurs at Jamaica—Closely Questioned and Allowed to Return.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

New York, Jan. 14.—Albert Clark, a private in the 5th infantry, was removed from the steamship Santa Marta at Jamaica by a British neutrality officer, according to passengers who arrived here on the ship today. After being detained ashore several hours, Clark was allowed to return to the ship and proceed here.

In the same time a United States soldier has been removed under similar conditions from an American vessel since the war of 1812. The Santa Marta flies the American flag. At Jamaica, enroute, the British officer boarded the vessel and closely questioned all passengers as to their nationality. Clark said he was born near Vienna, but had taken out his first American citizenship papers some time ago.

The neutrality officer left the ship without comment on Clark's case, but soon afterward the passengers said that three negro soldiers in uniform boarded the Santa Marta and cut off power to the ship.

Subsequently, Clark said, he was removed to what is known as the lower concentration camp on the outskirts of Jamaica and there closely questioned by the commanding officer.

When he was absent, American passengers on the Santa Marta decided to appeal to the American consul and before this could be done, Clark returned.

Clark said today that he would make a full report of the incident to the war department. He has just finished nineteen months' service in the Canal Zone and was proceeding in full uniform to the adjutant general in Washington.

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County May See Fit to Appropriate Emergency Fund for Future Needs.—No Trace of Murderer.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE]

There is some discussion of having an emergency fund raised in the county for the purpose or offering rewards for the apprehension of criminals and it is barely possible that the county will see fit to offer an amount for the capture of Tony Martin, who murdered Lawrence in December. The offer of three hundred dollars by private citizens in a subscription list has expired and at the present time there is no outstanding reward for the arrest of the criminal.

With heat and light unavailable, hotel guests suffered greatly during the cold morning. In several office buildings no elevators were running and inside rooms, candle and oil lamps were used for lighting purposes.

Large buildings trembled and windows were broken.

One manhole cover shot up directly in front of a crowded street car. Some of the passengers were thrown out of the street car, others stopped in the tunnel and two women became hysterical. When all of the passengers rushed through the exits to the street it was learned that no one was seriously hurt.

With heat and light unavailable, hotel guests suffered greatly during the cold morning. In several office buildings no elevators were running and inside rooms, candle and oil lamps were used for lighting purposes.

The complaint asks that the commission be forced to recognize the national laws and rulings on the question of preservatives. Under the so-called McDermott decision of the United States supreme court a Chicago jobber can sell to Wisconsin grocers and the Wisconsin retailer to their customers the product of this company, but under the state law a Wisconsin jobber can not sell the same product to the same Wisconsin grocer.

Judge Sanborn, however, ruled in the corn syrup cases that if a Chicago jobber could sell in Wisconsin, a Wisconsin jobber could also do so under the McDermott decision and the interstate commerce act.

Hotel Guests Routed Out.

Minneapolis, Jan. 14.—With the temperature registering seventeen degrees below zero, forty guests of the Hotel Nicollet, which expired early in January and was turned out on the tenth of this month, The offering of the money failed in its purpose of rock the police and authorities of Rock County and in other districts were unable to lay a hand upon the alleged murderer. Several false traces were reported to the police, but when the car was run down, mistake in identity had been made by police of other cities. Fear is not great that Martin had eluded the detective in the Atlantic coast cities and managed to secure passage to Europe and if so he is comparatively safe from capture.

Police here have been reluctant to reveal details of just how Martin managed to escape capture after shooting down the school girl at the Webster school grounds and running down Cherry Street. It is an accepted fact that the Sicilian killer, identified as Harry Harlow, of a barn not far distant from Janesville, somewhere near the interurban line, the murder was on Friday and it is said that he left his hideout late Saturday afternoon. One report is to the effect that he went to one of the small side-stations along the interurban line and waited for a car. An astounding claim has been made to a certain interurban employee was sitting in this station, reading a paper with an account of the murder and Martin's description. It is said that Martin was not four feet away from him while he read the account and the man was almost positive that his companion was the murderer. This fact was brought to the attention of the authorities for some time after and it was never explained why the interurban employee made an attempt to apprehend Martin himself, or at least warn the police at Beloit or at Janesville if he feared to make an attempt to capture the accused.

From this station it is said Martin rode on the interurban car, in plain clothes, on the way to Beloit, where he walked through the snow to his home.

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Automobiles Are Burned.

Bloomington, Ill., Jan. 14.—Thirty-four automobiles were destroyed early today when the Jones garage, at Leroy, was burned. The total loss was \$60,000.

AMBASSADORS HAVING A HARD TIME FINDING OUT WHO IS AN AMERICAN

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE]

London, Jan. 14.—When is an American not an American? That is a hard nut to crack, according to the American embassy in London. Rather, it is a whole bushel of hard nuts to crack. But some of the

This is "Shoe Bar-gain" Time

Your shoe money will go a long ways here in purchasing shoe value and satisfaction. Prices are low now.

Women's and Men's Shoes \$3.50 to \$5.00 values, to close out now at \$1.95, \$2.45, \$2.95 and \$3.15. Big bargains if your size is here.

Women's Cloth Top, lace or button, stage lasts, up-to-the-minute, special, patent and gun metal, \$1.95 and \$2.45.

Men's Arctics, 98c a pair. Women's Overgaiters, all colors, 98c.

Men's Rubber Boots, \$2.45

Second Floor

Misses' Children's, Little Men's and Growing Girls' High Tops.

Child's sizes, 6 to 8½, 98c. Child's sizes, 9 to 12½, at \$1.39.

Misses' sizes 13 to 2½, at \$1.69.

Girls', sizes 3 to 7, \$1.95.

Little Men's with straps, buckles and heavy Visco soles, sizes to 2½, \$2.45.

Men's Special Work Shoes, wonderful value, \$1.60.

Men's Rubber Soled and Heeled, English Last, Gun Metal, \$2.95.

DJLUBY & CO.

HOWARD'S

Dry Goods. Milwaukee St. THE BEST FOR THE LEAST.

PRE-INVENTORY SALE.

The Cold Season should cause you to pay special attention to our values.

Children's Coats at \$1.50 to \$3.98.

Knit Skirts 59c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25.

Furs marked down for your benefit.

ONE PRICE CASH STORE.

H. S. Mottard, D. C.
CHIROPRACTOR
321 Hayes Block.

Hours: 9 to 12 m.; 1:30 to 5:30 p. m.
Evenings, 7 to 8.

Picture Framing

We maintain a special department for framing pictures and can do the work neatly and quickly for a moderate price. Bring pictures to be framed here and you will get the best of service.

C. W. DIEHLS

The Art Store
26 W. Milw. St.

Here's Your Chance To Save 25 percent On Your Winter Clothes.

Now's your opportunity. These garments are of the highest quality and this fact is appreciated, judging by the number who bought suits here today.

\$25.00 Suits and Overcoats now \$18.75

\$22.50 Suits and Overcoats now \$16.88

\$20.00 Suits and Overcoats now \$15.00

\$18.00 Suits and Overcoats now \$13.50

\$16.50 Suits and Overcoats now \$12.38

\$15.00 Suits and Overcoats now \$11.25

25% off on Boys' Suits and Overcoats.

25% off on Men's Trousers.

BIG PLANS FOR FAIR ARE MADE BY BOARD

JANESEVILLE EXHIBIT TENDS TO OUTRANK ANYTHING IN STATE DURING PRESENT YEAR.

INNOVATIONS PLANNED

Calf Raising and Baby Beef Contest Windup.—To Give Away Automobile.—May Have Night Fair.

Janeville's big fair this fall is going to be a "bumper." This is the expression used this morning by the secretary of the Janeville fair board.

R. Baker, Madison, state secretary of the Wisconsin Livestock Breeders' association was also present at the meeting. He outlined the rules and manner of conducting the contest. Any farmer boy can enter a calf in this contest. Rules of the contest and other details which permit no space today will be given in the Saturday issue of the Gazette.

While the cattle breeders' contest is but a step forward in pure breed, the contest conducted by the state association is one for quantity.

The first goes in for higher grade cattle, pure breed, blue ribbon stock. The latter takes more of a commercial aspect and is meant to further profit through development of heavy beef cattle.

Both have their distinctive features and are bound to be headed by Rock county entries.

Give Away Automobile.

A modern and latest model of a popular type of five passenger touring car is to be given away absolutely free by the fair directors.

Each gate ticket is to have a stub attached on which will be a chance for the car. The drawing will be held on the last day of the fair and somebody will be able to ride home in style as a result of attending the fair.

A ticket selling contest for anybody in the county who wants to participate will be held from July 1 to August 1.

The person or persons selling the largest number of tickets as regards cash value will receive a prize of fifty dollars. Twenty-five, fifteen and ten dollars will be awarded to those having sold the second, third and fourth largest total, respectively.

Night Carnival Popular.

That the night carnival would strike a popular chord with fair visitors was the thought of the board. Although even against most careful scrutiny have crept in on one or two previous occasions, the directors are planning to extend every effort to prevent such this fall. With the presence of a good carnival company with a good line shows and entertainments, it is felt that the objectionable features will be overcome.

Calf Contest Closing.

Ira Inman of Beloit, a director of the county breeders' association, appeared before the board relative to the calf raising contest which this association at the present time is conducting.

The outcome of the conference with the board was that the windup of the contest would be held at the fair.

Secretary Nowlan today stated that he was ready to dictate inquiries to a large number of reputable carnival companies and feel out their stand on billing at Janeville at the fair grounds

a letter yesterday to Secretary Nowlan announced that he accepted the invitation of the Janeville fair board to judge its dairy breed exhibits. The acceptance of Mr. Van Pelt is highly gratifying to the directors and also to hundreds of Rock county farmers, who were fully pleased with his work during the 1915 fair. Mr. Van Pelt's services are in demand in every state of the Union for similar judging.

In addition, Rock county boys are interested in having the authority pass on their efforts of calf raising. Calves awarded ribbons by Mr. Van Pelt will bring a far larger financial gain than were they judged by some other authority.

Beef Contest Is New.

The baby beef contest is something new and the Janeville fair is the first in the country to conduct such competition.

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Janeville, Ill., Jan. 14, 1916.

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Religious Education Offered to the General Public Under the Plans Arranged.

Chairman Alexander Matheson has prepared the following form letter which he is to send out to those interested in the religious work of the city with an idea of organizing a bible institute.

The letter says:

"Janeville, Ill., Jan. 14, 1916.

—Janeville, Ill., Jan. 14, 1916.

Parties interested in religious education in Janeville have organized a school and institute for that purpose.

A board of religious education has been chosen. This board corresponds to the regular board of education in connection with our city school system.

A director of our religious education corresponds to the office of superintendents of schools in our secular school system.

It is to be noted especially that both positions are to be filled by the same individual in the person of Professor H. C. Buell.

We have also selected an advisory board consisting of a representative from each of the co-operating churches and Sunday schools.

The members of the faculty who are to teach have been selected, and a course of study has been outlined.

It is expected that there will be a regular lecture course, taking up the first part of the evening and departmental studies for the latter portion of the evening.

For class work and departmental study we are to have classes for those interested in beginners, primary, junior, intermediate, and senior departments of religious study and training.

The tuition fee will be \$1.00 per term or semester. It will be necessary for each member of the school to contribute to have text books, probably two in number, for the coming term.

It is proposed to make our study serious business, and to have ratings and keep records with as much care and system as in our secular schools.

Our first meeting for registration, organization, and general plans will be held next Wednesday evening, January 19, at 7:30 p. m., at the Methodist church in this city, to invite your cooperation.

We shall be pleased to have you enroll as a member of the school and institute.

It will be highly advisable for all who intend to become members to be present next Wednesday evening.

during the big week. The most reliable carnival providing next week's meeting decision is favorable, is to be secured.

A communication from the Gazette printing company offering the fair board the use of the Gazette library and directors' room, apropos the fair board giving up its suite of offices in the Jackman block, for meetings, was received and accepted. Hereafter, the fair board's meetings will be held in the Gazette library room.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day, 25c.

HOG ADVANCE HOLDS BUT TRADE IS WEAK

Prices Maintained as High as \$7.60

But Demand is Weak as Market Opens Today.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—Demand for hogs was weak this morning but prices held fairly up to the high quotations of Thursday at the opening of today's market.

Bulk of sales were from \$7.06 to \$7.45. Receipts were 25,000.

Cattle were in active demand with a light run.

Sheep trade was improved, following the quotations.

Cows—Red steers, \$2,000.

Strong native beef steers, \$6.50 to \$8.50; western steers, \$6.00 to \$8.50; cows and heifers, \$2.80 to \$5.50; calves, \$2.25 to \$4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, \$23,000; market weight, 10@15c under yesterday's average; light, 7.00@7.40; mixed, 7.00@7.75; heavy, 7.00@7.55; rough, 7.00@7.40.

Sheep—Receipts, 7,000; market weight, wethers, 7.10@7.45; lambs, matured, 3.40@4.00.

Butter—Unchanged.

Eggs—Lower: receipts, 2,873 cases; cases at mark, cases included 22@23¢; ordinary flocks 28@29; prime flocks 30.

Potatoes—Unchanged: 25 cars.

Poultry—Alive: Higher; turkeys 18½; fowls 16½; spring 15½.

Live hams—May: Opening 1.28½¢; high 1.25½¢; low 1.20½¢ closing 1.27½¢.

Corn Meal—May: Opening 79½¢; high 80¢; low 78½¢ closing 79½¢.

Oats—May: Opening 50½¢; high 51½¢; low 50¢; closing 50½¢.

Timothy—\$6.00@7.55.

Clover—\$18@7.55.

Pork—\$18@7.55.

Lard—\$10.25@10.45.

Ribs—\$10.00@10.40.

Barley—\$6@7.75.

THURSDAY'S MARKET.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—Hog values advanced 20@40¢ yesterday, with a very high since Oct. 20, 1915. It was in that week that the average dropped from \$8.35 to \$7.12, the sharpest week's decline of record.

While many traders are of the opinion that present swine values are dangerously high, others predict still higher prices regardless of future market receipts.

Armour & Co. were among the best buyers Wednesday, but stayed out of the hog market.

They received 4,900 direct from St. Paul.

Big packing droves cost \$7.40@7.51.

Trade in lambs yesterday was active at 20@40¢ advance in values, best selling at \$10.90. The cattle market closed strong to 10¢ higher than Wednesday, with tendency still high.

Average price of hogs at Chicago was \$7.35, against \$6.95 Wednesday, \$7.02 a week ago, \$6.72 a year ago and \$8.33 two years ago.

J. L. Nye of Milwaukee is spending the day in this city.

M. S. Mann of Durand, Ill., is a business caller in town today.

William Everson of Milton avenue went to Mineral Point on Thursday on a business trip.

Frank Atkinson is a visitor in this city today.

Miss Cornelia Reddy, who recently underwent an operation at Mercy hospital in Chicago, is reported as improving.

Charles M. Kennedy of Woodstock is the guest of friends in town today.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Lawyer have returned from Sycamore, Ill., where they went to attend the funeral of a relative.

G. A. Abraham of Rockford is a business caller in town today.

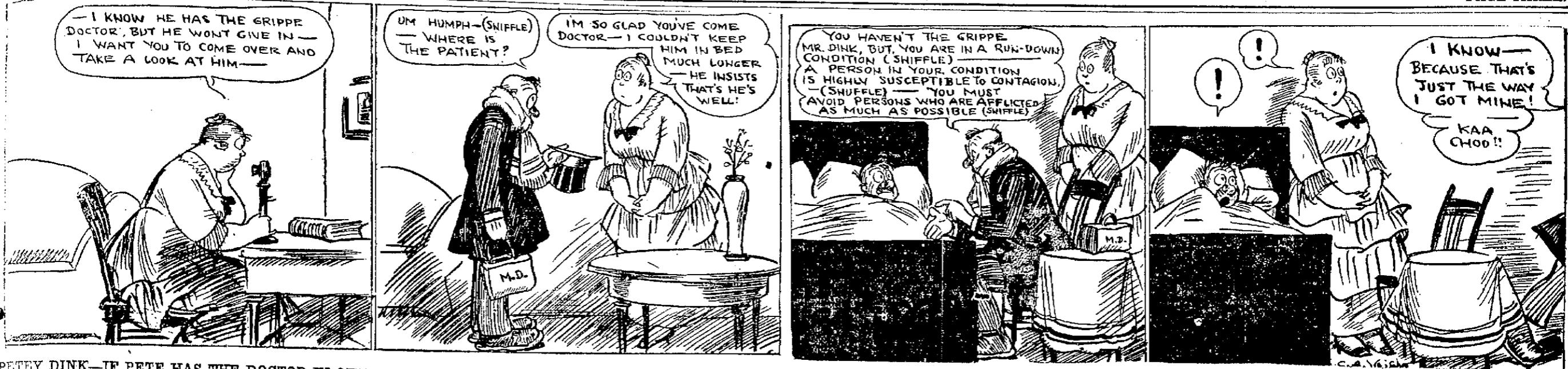
G. A. McLain of Whitewater is spending the day in Janesville.

Oscar Larson of St. Paul, Minn., is visiting friends in this city for a few days.

Christie Curtis of the Wilbur grocery force is confined to his home on North Jackson street with illness.

John and Mrs. H. C. Qualman of Beloit have returned home after a short visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Ryan of South Main street.

Fred Wright of Milton is a Jamesville visitor today on business.</p



PETEY DINK—IF PETE HAS THE DOCTOR IN OFTEN ENOUGH HE WILL NEED HIM.

SPORTS

CAN LAKOTAS BEAT OSWEGO SATURDAY? ONE NEW PLAYER

You are certain of it, think back of the Troy Game Last Year—but Team has Improved.

Janesville will find out just how good her prizéd baseball team really is Saturday night, when the Lakota Indians "buck-up" against the track stars of a team from Oswego, New York, at the stadium.

The Lakotas are supreme in the state and in this immediate district there is not a team that can come within a mile of classing with them.

In fact the Lakotas head the class in basketball in their district, but the question arises, if they can produce the goods against the eastern champions. A year ago, the Lakotas were beaten before Troy, because of the New York's mysterious and almost uncanny skill, with the style of play that was new to the west. They were outclassed. Now Janeville desires to know if the same story is going to be repeated Saturday night when Oswego steps out on the floor.

The Easterners are a great team, having league players. One of their men is from the famous Buffalo Guards.

Reports show that the Lakotas will be outweighed twenty to one man against the invaders.

Mike Gibbons can't shoot but how he can soak 'em.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE]

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 14.—Although Mike Gibbons, claimant of the world's snubbed-slapshot championship, likes to think he is such a miserable hunter that his brother Tommy won't be able to do it. The last hunt they were on Mike mistook Tommy's dog Spot for a rabbit and gave him both barrels of his shotgun. He missed.

TWO CHURCH GAMES AT HIGH TONIGHT

Opening Games of Church League To Be Played At High School This Evening.

Four of the church teams of the city are set for the opening basketball games which will be played at the high school tonight. The first game scheduled is between the English Lutherans and the Congregationalists. The Lutherans are new members in the league and they have a good string of players. Some of them have been trying out for some time and good the Lakota star can play will be determined.

Atwood is the heavy scorer and his ability at basket shooting will probably determine the fate of the Jameson team. Dalton will be at the other guard. His lad always gives his best at all stages of the game. With Dalton at "slamming" guard and Edler playing the floor, and Stigmar at center, back for defense, the Oshkosh bunch should have hard opposition in counting. Fletcher the new player is reputed to be a wonder. All Janeville hopes so and that he demonstrates his ability to the utmost Saturday night. He'll be a hero, when he produces the goods and the Lakotas win.

Hemmings, it is said, will have to show more ability than he did against Belvidere to remain in the game. Lack of hard practice has fallen to the edge of this player's skill but during the week he has been preparing for the game Saturday.

William Landron will officiate for the Lakotas. It is not known if the officials will have an official.

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on golf balls and sticks and receive money from newspapers for what they write will be the question before the United States Golf Association, which is to meet at Hotel Savoy Saturday day. A faction in the organization demands ouster proceedings against such players who call themselves amateurs. The association will award the three amateur titles, the open championship, the national amateur championship and the woman's championship, and will select cities for the next meeting. Frank Woodward, Denver, was elected to be re-elected President and H. F. Whitney, Howard L. Perrin, and John Reed, all of New York, were expected to succeed themselves as secretary and first and second vice-presidents, respectively. Fred S. Wheeler of New York was slated to succeed Percy R. Payne of Philadelphia as treasurer.

PARKER PENS TROUPE BOSTWICK'S BOWLERS

Bostwick's bowling team started out for a victory last night in a match game with the Parker Pen five, but were beaten by a margin of nine pins. Mead knocked down the highest number of pins in one game, receiving the high score honors with 208 pins. Lineup:

Bostwick,	
Benkert	128
Bixby	169
Boyes	97
Whittier	167
Mead	209
	770
	679
	661-2110

Parker Pen.	
Grove	157
Hill	143
Heimlen	141
Thorn	133
Mohn	119
	658
	727
	704-2119

Tonight Elks vs. Elks. Millers vs. All Stars.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE]

Chicago, Jan. 14.—Whether amateur golfers really are amateurs when they permit their names to be used

Howard P. Drew, champion sprinter, telegraphed his acceptance the other night to an invitation of the Milwaukee Athletic association to compete in its all-star games in Madison Square Garden, Jan. 26. Drew will make the long trip from the coast for the special purpose of meeting Joe Loomis of Chicago, who captured the national sprint title in the Panama-Pacific games.

REPORT ON ATHLETICS TO BE MADE TO REGENTS AT VARSITY WEDNESDAY

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE]

Madison, Wis., Jan. 14.—Athletic affairs at the university of Wisconsin will engage the attention of the board of regents, who are to meet here next Wednesday. Roger E. M. McMahon, chairman of the committee of three which has been investigating athletic affairs acting as a sub-committee of the regents, said that the committee would hold a final meeting on Monday to draft its report. Each of the three members of the committee has drafted an individual report, but Mr. McMahon's merging these reports will be consolidated.

"When this report is completed it will be presented to the athletic investigating committee of the Wisconsin Alumni association," said Mr. McMahon. "It is hoped and believed that the report which will go before the regents meeting will not only receive the approval of the sub-committee which conducted the investigation, but also the approval of the alumni committee. The report will be ready for the regents on Wednesday."

Sport Snap Shots

MORRIS MILLER

"Guy Chamberlain is the greatest football player the west ever produced," is the consensus of opinion among the western critics. He's the chap who scores sixteen touchdowns in eight games while playing end for the wonderful Nebraska eleven. "There is nothing in a football way that Chamberlain cannot do—and do better than 99 per cent of the players in the game today," adds the expert. "Chamberlain is the last thing in football excellence." Chamberlain is six feet and two inches tall and weighs 195 pounds. Time and again he runs the 100 yards on the football field, clad in his evidiment ragalia, in ten and four-fifths seconds. In running costume he does the hundred in ten seconds flat. The Nebraskan is a grand little baseball player, a fine wrestler and boxer and

a great asset to his college in its track and field contests.

Touching on the domestic situation, one thing seems certain, this year ought to be a better one for baseball, both from the magnates' and spectators' viewpoint, than were those of 1914 and 1915. The merging of the Federal league with those of the independent Federal and won pennants in 1913 and 1914. He also had about the cheapest club in the league each year. Last season when his club got into a rut Bill was canned. He's an excellent manager, but seems to have no chance of landing a big berth, while Joe Tinker and others who jumped reserve clauses are back in the good graces of organized baseball and placed in high positions.

half-mile tracks, where he made a clean sweep, winning his every start.

One of the goats of the recently ended baseball war is Bill Phillips, a Red pitcher of the old, old days, and later a Central league manager. When the Federals started Bill was free agent. He took the general manager of the Indianapolis Federals and won pennants in 1913 and 1914. He also had about the cheapest club in the league each year. Last season when his club got into a rut Bill was canned. He's an excellent manager, but seems to have no chance of landing a big berth, while Joe Tinker and others who jumped reserve clauses are back in the good graces of organized baseball and placed in high positions.

Melting ice.
Ice will melt if two pieces are rubbed together, the friction releasing some of the latent heat. Ice melts because heat forces its particles asunder. And when they are parted the ice becomes liquefied.

25 per cent Off on all Men's Suits and Overcoats; 25 per cent off on all Boys' Suits and Overcoats; 25 per cent off on all Mackinaws.

T.J.ZIEGLER CLOTHING CO.

Specialists of Good Clothes and Nothing Else. The Home of John B. Stetson Hats, Wilson Shirts, Lewis Underwear, Mallory Cravatette Hats, Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

CUDAHY CASH MEAT MARKET

39 SOUTH MAIN STREET

We wish to announce that we have secured Mr. Matthew Reuter of Chicago, an able and experienced meat man, to assume the management of this Market. Our policy will be to carry only the **best of everything at popular prices**. Quick courteous and capable service will be given every order entrusted to us.

Mr. Reuter will be pleased to meet all the old patrons of this market and the public in general. We cordially invite you to attend our special sale **Tomorrow, Saturday, January 15th.**

OUR SATURDAY SPECIALS

Prime Native Beef Pot Roasts - 10c
Leaf Lard - - - - - 11c

Fine Pork Loins - - - - - 12c
Fresh Pork Tender Loins - - - - - 15c

SUGAR CURED CORN BEEF 10c-12½c

VERY SPECIAL CHOICE TOMATOES, CORN AND PEAS, 3 CANS FOR - - - 25c

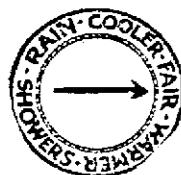
CUDAHY CASH MARKET 39 S. Main

Phones R. C. 102
Bell 1187

The Janesville Gazette
New Bldg., 200-201 E. Milwaukee St.
ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JANESEVILLE,
WIS., AS SECOND CLASS MAIL, MATTER
BUSINESS OFFICE OPEN SATUR-
DAY EVENING.

Member of Associated Press.
Member of Audit Bureau of Circulations.
Member of Wisconsin Daily League.

WEATHER FORECAST.



Pear tonight and
Saturday with
slowly rising tem-
perature.

One Year	BY CARRIER	\$6.00
One Month	CASH IN ADVANCE	\$5.00
Six Months		1.25
Three Months		1.25
One Year	BY MAIL CASH IN ADVANCE	\$4.00
Six Months		1.25
Three Months		1.25
One Year	BUREAU DELIVERY IN ROCK COUNTY	\$2.00
One Month		1.25

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS:
In sending change of address for your
copy of the paper, give the present address
as well as the new one. This will insure
better and quicker service.

GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

The publication of Obituary Notices, Rec-
onitions, Cards of Thanks, etc., can be
made at the per copy rate of 5 cents
each, in addition to those announcing
an event for which a charge is to be made
these and subsequent insertions of any
type are made at the price.

The Gazette does not knowingly accept
any contributions advertising or otherwise
of a propagandistic nature. Every
advertisement in its columns is printed
with full confidence in the character and
reliability of the advertiser and the truth
of the representations made. Readers of
The Gazette will confer a favor if they will
promptly report any failure on the part of
an advertiser to make good any representation
contained in Gazette advertisement.

THE SENATOR COMING.

Senator La Follette will be in Janesville on Saturday evening to discuss state matters from his point of view. While the Gazette differs with the senator as to many matters material, and feels that it is hardly consistent with the dignity of a United States senator to leave his seat in Washington to make a bitter personal attack upon a republican governor, it is expected that he will be greeted by a large audience and every courtesy extended to him. Robert La Follette is the state's representative at Washington in the highest office the gift of the people makes possible. As United States senator he should be accorded all honor possible. Janesville is honored by a visit from Senator La Follette and his meeting will without doubt be most important.

THE GRIM SPECTOR.

S. W. Strauss in Leslie's makes the following significant statement that should bear fruit in the minds of many citizens to prepare for the rainy day that is certain to come. Mr. Strauss calls attention to the fact that in the United States 66 out of every 100 people die leave no estate whatever. Do you know that out of the remaining 34 only 9 leave estates larger than \$5,000, and that the average of the balance of 25 is a little less than \$1,000? Do you know that at the age of sixty-five, 97 out of every 100 in America are partly or wholly dependent upon relatives, friends or the public for their daily bread, for their clothing, and a roof under which to sleep? We all know that the one safeguard against pauperism by the countries of Europe has been thrift. France, Germany, Belgium, Holland and Switzerland have been the leaders in thrift. Do you realize that according to recent government statistics, 78 per cent of the American people are living from day to day on their wages, and that a loss of employment would mean pauperism for all but two per cent of us?

Is not this significant enough to look well to the future and put aside a sum of your earnings each week to provide against such a contingency? Think it over! The banks offer good securities and are ready to aid you to save, and when you stop to consider everything it is worth while.

CLEAN-HANDED JOBS.

Two men were discussing the other day, in the hearing of the writer, the question of relative pay in different employments. One man was a bookkeeper, and one was a locomotive engineer. Apparently the first was getting something like \$2.50 a day, and the latter nearly twice as much.

"Everyone's getting pretty tired of the way your crowd is hogging it," was the way the bookkeeper put it, after his dander had risen several degrees. "It takes just as much brains to be a bookkeeper as to be an engineer, and yet you get nearly twice the pay. It raises the cost of living for everyone else."

The above mentioned dispute raised a question that this newspaper could not try to settle. About all you could say is that the two callings require two very different types of brains. One may not be superior to the other, though as things go one is in greater demand. The engineer would have mused the other man's books in a hopeless tangle or wrong credits. The bookkeeper would scarcely have known the bell rope from the steam gauge.

Not many years ago bookkeeping jobs were deemed more gentlemanly. A bookkeeper could belong to select clubs from which the red flannel shirted engineer was excluded. But now the presence of women in clerical work has lowered wages. Anything that can be done with pen, ink, and typewriter, women can do as well as men, and often with a more methodical accuracy.

The trend of the times is to drive men into more constructive work, even if a "billed" shirt is discarded for overalls. The man who grapples at first hand with steam and steel and electricity usually gets higher pay than the man who sits in an office and who "mucks" records the things that other men have done.

Therefore don't be afraid to get your hands dirty, boys! Remember, that it's a world of dirt and dust and smoke. The farther away you get from all the grime, the less your share of its rewards is apt to be.

VICE VERSA.

Some rather surprising statistics were published the other day, to the effect that the consumption of tea has decreased in this country 11 per cent, while that of coffee has gone up 87 per cent during a recent period.

One would think the Americans were drinking more tea. In the draw-

ing rooms of the Smart Set, at Country clubs, church functions, and all society events, there is a flutter of femininity about the pervasive perfume. More or less of the male persuasion are thrown into the current, and drink pale nippies from Oolong, sharpened by pungent slices of biting lemon.

But one questions whether you see as much actual tea drinking at table as you used to. There is an aroma of good form that attaches to the after-dinner coffee. The lady with hair streaked with grey may boldly call her tea as of yore. But is it sufficiently "smart" to satisfy those incomprehensible decrees of taste, fashions that prevail among the young set?

Meanwhile the reign of the coffee pot stands, based on satisfactions more tangible than the styles and manners of formal feeding. To the working man the tang of the coffee pot puts zest into life again. The dash may be pale grey instead of gold, or brown, the mugs may have a specific gravity far beyond what would be normal for their size.

But if the coffee has the true tang of the tropics, it puts life into his veins again. He breaks the moody silence of his prematurely early start; life looks cheery again. He grabs the dinner pall and starts with a round pace for the shop or the field. All hail to the coffee cup, and may the working man always be able to afford hearty summons to life and labor.

CONGRESS BUSY.

Congress resumed its labors on Tuesday last, following the holiday recess, and will now devote itself not to constructive legislation, but to devising new forms of taxation to make good the appalling deficit which has resulted from the Underwood tariff bill. There is no doubt that the free sugar clause, which President Wilson forced Congress to adopt against the advice of Mr. Underwood and other able democrats, and in violation of his solemn pledge to the Louisiana democrats, will be repealed, but its repeal will fall far short of providing sufficient and to provide for the expenditures dictated by democratic extravagance. Special taxes on gasoline and other petroleum products, a tax of five per cent on the poor man's auto and one-half of one per cent on the rich man's car, a tax on small gas engines used by the farmer and the dairyman, the small manufacturers, all of which have been urgently recommended by President Wilson, will be considered, and out of the consideration will come additional burdens to be imposed on those who are already being subjected to special taxation under the emergency tax law re-enacted just before the holiday recess.

The question is asked, what can be done for a boy who is a conscientious and unmitigated liar? Apparently he could get a job as a writer of official bulletins for the warring powers, he has the qualifications for a complete success.

In the old days the fellows from the city used to sell gold bricks to the farmer. Now the smart farmers from the country get it back on the prices at which they sell eggs and apples to the city.

The United States is called the most lawless country in the world, in spite of the fact that Congress and forty-eight state legislatures keep on grinding out laws as fast as the governors will let them.

Uncle Reuben isn't worrying about these public drinking cup laws as long as he always carries his old felt hat around with him.

The question whether self-government will be a success in the Philippines depends on whether there are offices enough to go around.

On the Spur
of the Moment

ROY K. MOULTON

The Gilded Poor. The mansion is built without thought of expense. In Millionaires' row, the gardens are fine and the lawns are immense.

In Millionaires' row, there's silver and gold on the table, all right.

The families all eat their dinner at night, but you don't hear the chirp of the electric mite.

In Millionaires' row,

They all own a dozen or so of ma-

chines.

In Millionaires' row,

They have all the gasoline wagons in style.

They smash the speed limit and sport round a pile.

But baby cabs? Gosh, there ain't one in a mile.

In Millionaires' row,

Those people are poor who pretend they are rich.

In Millionaires' row,

Without a small voice raised to high concert pitch.

In Millionaires' row,

There's one joy in living of which I'd rather hear my kid give one hearty yell.

I'd rather hear my kid give one hearty yell.

Than to own all the mansions in heaven or—well—in hell.

In Millionaires' row,

Uncle Abner.

One of the safest things for a presidential candidate in the United States to come out in favor of today is home rule for Ireland.

Never yet saw a red-headed kid that stayed in his home town very long or one who didn't make good in some field of endeavor. There was George Washington for instance.

It is getting so if a feller wants to pay \$75 a month rent he can almost get a house with a bathtub in it.

It is safe plan to name a kid Archie. Then when he grows up and loses his hair you can call him Archibald.

There are about 15,000,000 leading literary experts in this country who never succeeded in getting anything published.

No first-class livery stable is without a team named Frank and Lucy.

It is pretty hard to say anything that won't hurt the feelings of a religious crank.

Uncle Ezra Harkins went through his regular stunt of having his whiskers trimmed yesterday, and the barber found a shiny egg and a bottle of catsup that Uncle Ezra's wife missed last fall.

Good reading for those who are looking for bargains—the want ad

NO CHANGES MADE
IN MADISON BANKS

Madison, Wis., Jan. 14.—No changes were made in either the presidents or the boards of directors of the Madison banks this year. Sol. Levi will again head the Commercial National as president; A. E. Proudfit, the first National; L. S. Hanks, the State Bank and Victor E. Arnold, the

Bank of the Commonwealth.

NEW RAILROAD STATION
FOR JEFFERSON JUNCTION.

Jefferson, Jan. 14.—Modern railroad

transfer conveniences are to take the place of one of the oldest railroad

stations in the state, that at Jefferson

Junction. The old station is being

rejuvenated by the Northwestern road.

OPTICAL SERVICE

We offer our patrons an absolutely reliable optical service under the charge of MR. R. H. MITCHCOCK, an Optician of many years' standing.

WILL P. SAYLES.
No. 10 South Main St.

Successor to Hall & Sayles.

Opposite Myers Hotel.

SPECIAL SATURDAY



Full pound box for
39¢

Sixty cents never
bought a pound of
finer chocolates.

Full pound box for
29¢

Fifty cent value, large
red cherries set in
pure cream and
covered with
rich choc-
olate.

RED CROSS PHARMACY

21 W. MILWAUKEE ST.

T. P. BURNS COMPANY
THE BUSY STORE IN THE HEART OF JANESEVILLE

A STORE FOR EVERYBODY

Sale of Winter Underwear
and Hosiery

Men's \$2.50 Union Suits on sale at \$1.69

Men's Heavy Mixed Wool Socks, 25¢ value, now at 18¢
Or two pair for 35¢

Women's \$1.00 Fleeced Union Suits, to close at per suit. 69¢

Women's Wool Union Suits now at \$1.98, \$2.25, \$2.50
up to \$4.95.

T. P. BURNS COMPANY
WE SAVE YOU DOLLARS AND CENTS.

Announcement

To Our Patrons
and Friends

Notwithstanding certain unsubstantiated charges ELSE'S CREAMERY PRODUCTS will, as in the past, represent the highest standard of purity, cleanliness and food value. We absolutely guarantee that no substance whatever except pure butter fat, butter salt and the natural amount of water incorporated in washing and working is used in our butter.

We will pay \$100 to the Associated Charities of this city if it can be proven that we have "mixed" or "incorporated" any other "cheaper" or "deleterious" substance so as to lower or depreciate or in any way effect its strength, quality and purity.

The Taste Tells!

Satisfying quality and flavor need no value fixing laws. They are self supporting. Buy a pound of our butter today and use it on your pancake griddle. It may "splutter" but it splatters the goodness of the best of Rock County's Dairy Farms who furnish us our raw material. We are paying a premium over other creameries for cream, and the BEST is our selection.

Come into our Creamery and see for yourself its manufacture. See the wagon loads of pure rich cream as it is gathered from the farms in insulated cans to protect it from the weather. See the large sanitary vats with circulating coils which spell perfect temperature control, and which are sterilized after each operation. See the men in spotless white who ripen and age this cream to a flavor that is not possible where this science and care is not used. See the closed churns and workers that exclude all outside atmosphere, only aroma of pure cream and rich butter being present during the churning and working operation.

If there is any material or operation that is not pure and sanitary or in accord with the best practice of the business our twenty-five years of value giving have been in vain. When you buy a pound of ELSE'S butter you are not skimped. You are getting full 16 oz. (or over) of a delicious and clean made product and we "suspect" that once tried you will want to use more.

The Taste Tells!

R. ELSE & SON

Manufacturers of

Fine Dairy Products since 1891.

Per, A. W. ELSE, Mngr.

P. S.: We do not handle Oleomargarine and are in no way connected with imitation products.

ASK FOR and GET
HORLICK'S

THE ORIGINAL

MALTED MILK

Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price.

Fifty More</p

Pyorrhoea, The Gum Disease

Which loosens and destroys your teeth.
Is now curable.

I use the latest up-to-date cure. Am getting wonderful results.

Until recently Dentists have had to turn patients away with no hope of help.

Now it's different.

DR. F. T. RICHARDS
Dentist
(Over Rehberg's)
All work fully guaranteed.

We Solicit Your Account

Knowing that the service of this bank is of great value to you, as well as to all our customers.

We know that courteous treatment will be appreciated by you, for it is demanded by discriminating business men and women.

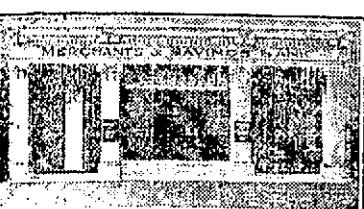
Your account need not be large to be welcome.

3% On Savings.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Established 1855.

The Bank with the "Efficient Service"



The Bank of the People' THE MERCHANTS & SAVINGS BANK

offers individuals, firms and corporations a safe and convenient place to deposit their funds and guarantees prompt, efficient and courteous treatment. Our services are the result of 40 years experience. Our officers will be glad to confer with you at any time.

3% INTEREST ON SAVINGS.

Merchants & Savings BANK

The Oldest Savings Bank in Rock Co.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR SALE—Jefferson single and double wagons and sleighs, also several single harnesses and used wagons. 208 S. Main. Bell phone 1273. S. M. Jacobs. 20-1-14-21.

FOR RENT—Modern, furnished rooms. Call new phone 461. Hine after 7 p.m. 8-1-14-31.

E. H. Damrow, D. C. CHIROPRACTOR

Hours: 9 to 12 m., 2 to 6 p.m.

Mon., Wed., and Sat., 7 to 8.

405 Jackman Bldg. Both phones 970.

I have one of the 10 Solograph X-Ray machines in the United States.

Remember the great Troy Game? Oswego is in the same class.

Ladies free tonight at the rink.

EXPERTS IN ALL BRANCHES
AID IN THE GERMAN ARMY

By ASSOCIATED PRESS
Orsova, Hungary, Jan. 14.—When the Germans have a task to accomplish, whether in military or civil life, they hand it over to experts at the work in question. That explains why the crossing of the Danube at Ruma was placed in the hands of soldiers from the North Sea coast, who brought through three kingdoms because no other men in the Central Powers were so thoroughly fitted to cope with the conditions that existed here.

Ordinarily heavy storms do not kick up an ocean-like surf on a river, especially at points where the river is less than a third of a mile wide, as is the Ruma (600 yards), but it does nevertheless. The sailors of the Danube declare that of all the gales that blow, no others of precisely the same character as a storm which hit the river at Ruma do it. It blows from below upwards, scurrying across the surface of the water and then twisting skyward, raising big waves and predicting a surf of really formidable proportions. Even the little craft are much inconvenienced by it, and small boats have no place in the river when it breaks.

To meet these conditions, the German commander summoned a detachment of German pioneers from the North Sea. Most of them were born and brought up on the flat plains and were familiar with the handling of boats in surf and high tides from their childhood. With them came a number of surfboats. As it turned out, the Ruma did not set in until after the boat load of troops was safely over, but the pioneers' help was nevertheless valuable.

The crossing at Ruma was less dangerous than that at Belgrade. The boats were, as most, but not all, considered able to withstand them, indeed, without losing a man killed and having only three or four wounded.

The Serbs completely foisted by sham negotiations at other points along the Hungarian shore, were looking for the main crossing at Orsova, most of their available troops.

BASKETBALL GAME 35c.
The admission price of the Oswego game Saturday night will be 35c instead of 25c, as announced last night.

Ladies free tonight at the rink.

LODGE ELECTS OFFICERS FOR COMING YEAR OF 1916

Bower City Verein No. 31, G. U. G. G. elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, Julian Teubert; Vice-president, Herman Remus; secretary, Fred Stendel; financial secretary, William M. Pfennig; treasurer, Anton Hanuska; speaker, O. Blaschko; fuerher, J. Joe; guard, Herman Zierau; trustee, Henry Teubert. Installation will be held at the next regular meeting, January 26.

See Oswego N. Y. play Sat. night.
OBITUARY.

John Long.
The remains of John Long arrived here this morning from Fort Worth, Texas, where they were taken to the cemetery where the services were held at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon. The Elks' lodge had charge of the pallbearers were: J. E. Kennedy, T. L. Welsh, Henry Casey, Frank Gentile, Joseph Connors and Michael Mulquin. Owing to the inclemency of the weather and the sickness of the officers of the Elks' lodge, merely the prayers were said at the grave. The regular funeral services will be read at the next meeting of the lodge.

Word has been received of the death of Joseph Crouk, who died in a children hospital this morning, after an illness of over a year. He was fifty-three years old. The remains will be brought to this city to the home of his mother at 314 North High street. Funeral notices will be given later.

Julia Quinn.
Miss Julia Quinn of Beloit passed away here today. The remains were taken to Beloit by relatives for interment.

Mrs. Fred Wright.
Mrs. Fred Wright, the wife of a farmer residing near Milton, passed away at Mercy Hospital here last night. The remains were removed last evening to the home by relatives.

Basketball at Rink Saturday night.

ANNUAL MEETING.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lewis Knitting Co., of Janesville, Wis., will be held at the office of said company on January 25th, 1916, between the hours of three and four o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

Dated Janesville, Wis., Jan. 6, 1916.
J. L. WILCOX, Secretary,
F. P. LEWIS, President.

See Oswego N. Y. play Sat. night.

MASTER BUILDERS MEET FOR ANNUAL CONVENTION AT MADISON TODAY

REPORT TO THE GAZETTE
Madison, Jan. 14.—The fourth annual convention of the Wisconsin Master Builders and representatives from twenty-three cities are attending the meeting. Affiliated associations are located in Racine, Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Janesville, Watertown, Green Bay, Beloit, Kenosha, and other large cities.

Basketball at Rink Saturday night.

E. Van Pool is in Madison today attending the Master Builders' convention.

Ladies free tonight at the rink.

Base Insinuation.
Book Agent—Madam, have you read Bunyan's—Mrs. Pepper-No, you innocent man, nor even corn?

See Oswego N. Y. play Sat. night.

Don't Go Home to Lunch on Cold Days

Stay down town and take luncheon at Razook's. Our daintily arranged menu appeals to everyone while our service is the best and prices moderate. It is really a pleasure to eat here.

RAZOOK'S
30 S. Main St.
Both Phones.

Creamery Butter lb. 34c

Richelieu Raisins, pkg...10c
2 cans 15c Salmon....25c

Large can Richelieu Pineapple....20c

4 cans good Peas....25c

2 cans Richelieu Corn....25c

4 lbs. Good Rice....25c

3 lbs. Fancy Prunes....25c

3 cans Tomatoes....25c

Fresh Horseradish, glass 10c

Large bottle Catsup....15c

2 cans Yellow Freestone Peaches....25c

3 lbs. Monarch Coffee, \$1.00

3 Heads Cabbage....10c

Canadian Rutabagas, lb. 3c

Sunkist Oranges, doz., 20c, 30c, 40c and 45c

2 large stalk Celery....15c

Yellow Bananas, doz....15c

We have a complete line of bakery goods.

7 small cans Milk....25c

7 Electric Spark or Bob White Soap....25c

Mutton Chops, Lean Pork Roasts, plenty of Chickens

Strictly Fresh Eggs, Spareribs and Sauer Kraut.

Fresh bulk Sausage or links.

J. M. Fox & Son

600 S. Academy St.

New phone Red 1008.

Old phone 43.

Rivals.

She—John is a very considerate sort of fellow, isn't he? He (the rival)—Oh, yes, very! He has that keen tact and loving sympathy which a chauffeur displays toward a helpless old cripple.

Life.

Ladies free tonight at the rink.

Apples

Fine Cooking, 25c pk.

Winesaps, 40c pk.

Belleflowers, 45c pk.

GRAPe FRUIT

Special bargains. Extra large size for the money and the finest grade on the market. Three sizes, at 55c, 75c, 90c doz.

Sweet Florida Oranges, 30c, 40c.

Sweet, High Flavored, Rose Navels, 30c, 40c.

OLD FARM SAUSAGE

Strictly pure and satisfying, 25c.

Finest Mild Sweet Hams and Bacon.

Try our Special Bacon at 25c, trimmed and sliced.

Elsie, Swiss and Cottage Cheese.

ABOUT FLOUR

Price has advanced greatly.

We will supply these (and there is nothing finer in the world) to you at a less price than we can now buy advertised brands at wholesale. Are you willing?

Basketball at Rink Saturday night.

126 size Cal. Navel Oranges 30c doz.

21bs. Swifts Lincoln Butterine 25c

5 LargeGrapeFruit 25c

Salted Soda Wafers by the Box 8c lb.

Plain Soda Crackers by the Box 7c

Special Del Monte Brand Large Yellow Peaches

Cut in halves, in heavy syrup, worth 30c can, our price

20c Can

Try a can and you will say they are the finest peach you ever ate.

Picnic Hams, lb.....10c

Fresh Crisp Oyster Crackers, lb.....8c

Regular 15c Assorted Cookies, lb.....10c

3 pkgs. Elbow Macaroni for.....25c

3 pkgs. Elbow Spaghetti for.....25c

Stoppenbach & Son best Sliced Bacon, lb.....20c

Stoppenbach & Son pure lard, lb.....15c

Large bottle Monarch Cat-up.....15c

1/2 gal. pail Blue Karo Syrup.....20c

Jello, all flavors, pkg.....8c

1 lb. Walter Baker's Chocolate, lb.....35c

3 Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes.....25c

2 pkgs. Cream Wheat 25c

Large pkg. Quaker Oats, with china.....25c

3 cans Monarch Baked Beans in tomato sauce.....25c

3 cans Janesville Corn 25c

Solid packed Tomatoes, can.....10c

Fresh Soft Bull Dates, lb.....10c

1 lb. fresh New Walnut Meats.....40c

Cal. Lemons, doz.....30c

Monarch Coffee, lb.35c

3 lbs.\$1.00

1 lb. Old Time Coffee, lb.....30c

Farm House Brand Coffee, good as most 30c coffee, lb.....25c

Baldwin Apples, pk.40c

2-lb. pkg. Old Time Buckwheat Flour, pkg.10c

Fresh bulk Oysters qt.

KOEBELIN GETS HIGH ODD FELLOW DEGREE

Grand Decoration of Chivalry Bestowed By National Encampment Will Be Conferred Feb. 1st.

Fred H. Koebelin will receive the grand decoration of chivalry, one of the highest honors in the Odd Fellow lodge, on the evening of February first, when the fourteenth annual Patriarchs' Military ball will be given at the Assembly Hall. There are but three other Odd Fellows in the state of Wisconsin who are decorated with this symbol, and one of them is Mayor James A. Puthen.

The degree will be conferred by Captain Janesville No. 5, and promises to be one of the most brilliant lodge and social activities of the year. The spectacle of conferring the honor will take place early in the evening. The decoration will be presented by Mr. Peacock, by General J. P. Stocker of Mansfield, Ohio, and the members of the Captain's General Stocker will be here with Brigadier General Bern Peckuck and staff of the department of Wisconsin, and J. P. Doyle of Chicago, special add to General Stocker. Representatives of the higher degree organizations of Odd Fellows will attend the ceremony. The honor to Mr. Koebelin comes after a long and meritorious service to the department and Captain.

REPORT ON CHARITY WORK AT LAST D. A. R. MEETING

The Janesville chapter of the D. A. R. met on Tuesday, Jan. 11th, with Mrs. T. S. Nolan. Much delayed business was brought up for discussion and a report of the city's charities stated that twenty-two charities stockings had been filled and given to the Associated Charities for distribution at Xmas time; that there was plenty of infant clothing on hand for the present, as the city nurse had used very little so far this winter. Mr. Brigham of the Cargill M. E. church gave a very fine talk on "Food," after which the ladies served refreshments.

KLASSEN'S Semi-Annual 1/3 Off Sale

Many have availed themselves of the money saving possibilities this sale offers in Men's, Women's and Children's Clothing at 33 1/3 less than original marked prices.

Come today. Lack of cash need not keep you away as we will gladly

CHARGE IT

Women's and Misses' Coats and Suits

\$25.00 Coats and Suits now	\$16.50
\$20.00 Coats and Suits now	\$13.25
\$18.00 Coats and Suits now	\$12.00
\$15.00 Coats and Suits now	\$10.00
\$12.00 Coats and Suits now	\$ 8.00
\$10.00 Coats and Suits now	\$ 6.50

About 25 Ladies' Coats in plain colors and mixtures, your choice at \$2.95

Dresses, Skirts

Waists, Petticoats and Sweaters at 1/3 off regular price.

Men's and Young Men's Suits and Overcoats

\$25.00 Suits and Overcoats	\$16.50
\$22.50 Suits and Overcoats	\$15.00
\$20.00 Suits and Overcoats	\$13.25
\$18.00 Suits and Overcoats	\$12.00
\$15.00 Suits and Overcoats	\$10.00
\$12.00 Suits and Overcoats	\$ 8.00
\$10.00 Suits and Overcoats	\$ 6.50

About 50 Boys' Overcoats, sizes 5 to 18, your choice \$2.95

1/3 off on Boys' Suits.

Men's and Boys' Mackinaws, Men's Hats, Sweaters and Trousers at 1/3 off regular price.

U. S. Lacks A Budget System; Makes Government Costly

By Theodore Burton. There are certain features of our system of making and controlling appropriations that encourage looseness and extravagance. The framers of the constitution sought to prevent the encroachment of the executive upon the legislative branch of the government. Under our system the secretary of the treasury merely compiles and transmits to congress the estimates which are prepared by the other members of the cabinet, over whom he has no control; and these are made without any particular reference to the estimated revenues for the fiscal year for which the expenditures must be made. Hence it is that lack of unity and the absence of that supervision and control of the executive department which prevails in almost all first class countries.

In our house of representatives there is no correlation committee which recommends and reports measures for raising revenues and the committees which prepare the appropriation bills. This lack of careful consideration of the balances between receipts and expenditures is one of great incentive to national extravagance.

At present all bills to raise revenue originate in the committee on ways and means of the house of representatives. The jurisdiction over appropriation bills is parcelled out among eight committees of the house. Each committee is independent of the others, and is at the same time the permanent department for which it receives its appropriations. Each committee strives to secure as much as possible for that branch of the pub-

lic service under its supervision. Thus there is a powerful combination of interests there to favor extravagance and there is no organized agency by which those expenditures may be coordinated and adjusted to our income. This lack of harmony between the raising and spending of money is estimated to cost the government not less than \$50,000,000 a year.

Another fundamental error in our manner of appropriations is that two separate and coordinate legislative bodies have equal authority over the bills. While the bills originate in the house, the senate has the right of amendment, in England the house of lords has no power to amend appropriation bills.

Each house of congress has its own standards and ideals. For example, amendments presented and defeated in one house are frequently adopted in the other. A few days ago the house favored the enlargement of the navy by building additional battle ships. The senate advocated protected cruisers. Each body insisted upon its position and both types of vessels were included and the naval appropriation greatly increased.

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These conditions have been commented upon by financial experts and economy commissions. The real source of the evil may be said to rest with the indifference of the people. Public sentiment is its most likely remedy. One of the most efficacious reforms would be to confer upon the secretary of the treasury the powers now enjoyed by the English chancellor of the exchequer. The United States is the only country in the world whose government is conducted without a budget. Such a system would establish responsibility upon the part of our governing agency. There should be greater coordination between the different committees in congress concerning our appropriation bills. The most radical step would be the adoption of a constitutional amendment permitting the president to veto separate items in appropriation bills. This power is possessed by the government of many of our states, and imposes a very salutary check upon the natural tendency to legislative extravagance. This power would do more than anything else to eliminate omnibus appropriation bills. Each item would be forced to stand or fall upon its individual merits.

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Last evening at the Young Men's Christian association the high school Bible club met at a supper and meeting of Mrs. Gertrude Turton of St. Paul, who is soon to return to her home. Cards were indulged in and at 4:30 o'clock a sumptuous three course luncheon was served. Mrs. Turton was presented with a beautiful cut glass salad bowl.

MRS. GEORGE HILLER, JR., HOSTESS THIS AFTERNOON

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Peacock have taken up their residence on the former's farm near Lima Center. They were married on New Year's day at Baraboo, Mrs. Peacock formerly being Lois Ruth Lee, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lee of Baraboo. Owing to Mrs. Peacock being ill with influenza on the date of her marriage the young couple were compelled to postpone their wedding. After several days at Baraboo with relatives while the bride was regaining health, they have arrived at their home near Lima Center, where the groom is engaged in farming.

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At present

WOMAN'S PAGE

Marrying for Money

BY MRS. EVA LEONARD

concrete blankly. It was over at the new house nearly every minute after school," said Nell Morton. "You all here by the window and you will see her pass by in minute."

She placed a chair for Olive. "I am seeing a great deal more lately. She comes in here nearly every day, either going or coming."

"How do you like her by this time?" I asked.

"She is very interesting because she is so entirely different from anyone I have ever known," Nell brought her sewing and sat down by Olive's side.

In what way?" I asked her friend.

"The other girls seem to take it for granted that I will know she is not marrying for love."

"Why, how strange!" interrupted Nell.

"So and the other day: 'I do not believe there are many love marriages. Nearly all the unmarriages I know anything about, one does the man and the others consents to him. I decided that I would prefer to be the one who consented to be married,'" asked Olive.

"She certainly has the grace of beauty," remarked Olive. "Is that all coming down the road?"

"Yes. She is good looking, isn't she?"

Olive went out on the porch to see if the wind was blowing on the baby, and at the same time got a good look at the new neighbor.

"She is too bright to be good-looking," was her comment when she

(To be continued.)

HEALTH TALKS

By WILLIAM BRADY, M. D.

GASTRIC ULCER.

Gastric refers to the stomach, not to the liver. Disease of the stomach occurs much more commonly than most people think; a great many cases being undiagnosed, or they are called chronic, dyspepsia, "indigestion," acidity, or something else equally indefinite.

In the stomach and ulcer in the duodenum that part of the bowel just beyond the lower end of the stomach are often indistinguishable. Their symptoms, effects and treatments are very much the same.

One important factor of ulcer is some long-standing trouble in the appendix or in the gall-bladder. Dr. Deaver, the surgeon and author, states that he has observed an almost constant relation between chronic appendicitis and gastric disease with gastritis. And the Mayo Clinic reports some twenty per cent of gastric and duodenal ulcers associated with disease of appendix or gall-bladder.

Pneumonia is probably a factor in ulcer.

Now the bacteriologist has proven the causal relationship of streptococci with gastric ulcer—and streptococci find a favorable situ-



"How do you make such delicious muffins? Mine are always so dry, and if I make the batter thin they fall. How do you do it?"

It is the baking powder. To make muffins, cakes and pastry rich and moist, yet light and feathery, a modern double acting baking powder must be used—one that will give off leavening gas in the oven as well as in the mixing bowl.

KC BAKING POWDER

is really a blend of two baking powders, one of which starts to raise as soon as moisture is added. The other is inactive until heat is applied. This sustains the raise until your muffins, biscuits or cake is done.

K C Baking Powder costs less than the old fashioned quick acting kinds, yet you need use no more and it is superior to them in every way.

Try a can at our risk and be convinced.

Madam, 20% of Your Coffee Money Is Thrown Away!

ACTUALLY one-fifth of the ordinary coffee you buy is made up of various light-weight, unripe, poorly-roasting beans, which heretofore, it has been impossible to take out of coffee. They spoil rich coffee-flavor and make uniform roasting impossible. By the wonderful new gravity-grading process, every bean in

Hall's Gravity-Grade Prosperity Coffee

is selected automatically for weight—the heaviest, richest beans are selected—others are thrown out. This gives Hall's Prosperity Coffee its extraordinary flavor—best in the world at these prices.

Sold at 30c and 35c, each in 1-lb. sealed packages. Also 25c unroasted beans and richly blended, world's best 25c coffee.

At All Grocers

Prepared by H. R. Hall Company

Chicago, Illinois



FOODS THEY BUILD OR DESTROY

Amazing but rarely suspected truths about the things you eat.
By ALFRED W. McCANN (Copyright, 1916, by Alfred W. McCann.)

CHAPTER III.

In the last years one million five hundred thousand children under ten years of age have died in the United States.

With little knives and forks, with little baby spoons, with chubby little hands that show many of the outward signs of health, the nation is digging graves.

The chicken parents of children who are born away before their time should move the world to prevent these preventable tragedies, but the time does not come, as a rule, until it is all over.

But parents, bound up with old-fashioned traditions, heed the wail of child conservation as a whirling and exaggerated warning out of the mouths of radishists. They will not repeat the plain facts unless they are shown in some picturesque fashion.

They will not keep behind the tragedy unless they receive a shock to seize their curiosity. I intend to give such shock.

They will not stir from the beaten path tramped hard with the little feet of millions of children unless they are pushed by brute force. I intend in this series of articles to employ such force.

In the last four years in the United States three million little feet have ceased their patterning and still the world refuses to heed. No, this is not an idle statement made in a year of sensations. Its proof is found in the mortality statistics prepared by the bureau of the census, Department of Commerce, and submitted in 1915 to the House. William R. Bright, secretary of commerce, by William J. Hartranft, director of the census.

“Griefsome? Yes. True? Yes. But what if unless we are ready to take soundings, even though to do so means parting with much old-fashioned, care-free, happy-go-lucky indifference that sits on an eggshell of happiness, ever ready to crack?

There is a peg in our shoe. It hurts our foot, it bruises our leg, it rubs the flesh. It sets in a serious infection. We go to a doctor. He applies oil and lotions. He carefully bandages the sore spot. We go right on with the treatment and complain that in spite of our physician's skill we can't get that foot to heal. Of course not. Some day it will occur to us to remove the peg from our shoe. Nature, helped

by a little and encouraged by the physician, will do the healing, but not until the cause of her woes has been removed.

All the fancy serums, antibodies, topics, and therapeutic agents of modern science will not insure us against physical disease while the poor results in the national health program, the prevention of tuberculosis, preventable polio, preventable cancer, preventable anemia, preventable nervous prostration, preventable diabetes and Bright's disease, preventable illnesses of childhood. It is the mysterious cause of the baffling disorders which defy the deft scalpel of the surgeon and the skilful treatment of the physician.

It is the unseen force whose work, unknown to doctor and nurse, laughs defiance at the soundest scientific truths of the hospital laboratory, suspending the power of medicine's most useful knowledge and defeating the purpose for which it is applied.

It was named at the Sixth International Congress of Physiotherapy, held in Berlin, April, 1912, in the following words:

“Natural immunity to disease is very closely allied to nutrition. An infection of the mouth with thrush is not possible in a normally born and breast-fed child. As soon as a slight disturbance of the nutrition occurs the child loses this natural immunity.

The bottle-fed child is at a great disadvantage compared with the breast-fed child. Unsound nutrition with carbohydrate, fat-soluble sugars, glucose, syrups, candies, white bread, soft denatured breakfast foods, etc.) injures the immunity of children.

Tuberculous children nourished with such carbohydrate foods, succumb more easily than when nourished on natural food.

The water content of the body is inversely proportional to the natural immunity. Rich fluid foods require necessarily the amount of water in the tissues and permit a rapid rise in the body weight. Children fed on such a carbohydrate diet become waterlogged, fat, and show slight resisting power against infection. The lack of absorbable calcium salts in the diet favors the water-logging.”

These words, describing the peg, may Hitler now, but before we were propagandized very far along, will be read under such a clear light that you will marvel over their simplicity. You will then understand why the peg must be removed, and perhaps you will help to remove it.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

CAINVILLE CENTER

Cainville Center, Jan. 12.—William Diefahl is confined to his bed with influenza.

Mrs. George Fenn is quite sick with influenza.

Miss Frances Crall of Janesville is spending the week with Mrs. Will Worthing.

On account of the storm Wednesday night the shower for Miss Mae Martin was postponed until Friday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Townsend spent Tuesday in Beloit, returning via Janesville.

Mrs. Ella Harper is visiting her sister, Mrs. Glenn Clark, this week.

The Helpers Union elected their officers last Saturday for the ensuing year, as follows: President, Mrs. Gladys Cowles; Vice-president, Mrs. W. G. Bird; secretary-treasurer, Mrs. Emma Bennett; work committee, Mrs. Emma Andrew, Letta Davis and Heidi Townsend; dental committee, Mrs. Frank Bennett and Mrs. Warren Andrew.

At the annual business meeting of the A. C. church held January 8th the following officers were elected: President, Mr. C. C. Thompson; 1st deacon, A. E. Townsend; 2nd deacon, Charles Brings; 1st deaconess, Mrs. G. W. Townsend; 2nd deaconess, Mrs. W. H. Andrew; clerk, Mrs. William Letts; treasurer, W. B. Andrew; finance committee, Nellie Gardner, Ella Townsend and William Andrew; trustee, William Andrew and Walter Thompson; vestry committee, Hosie Townsend; organist, Mrs. Thompson; instant organist, Alice Wood. Rev. W. G. Bird was given a unanimous call to remain another year.

Chairman Bennett is in Janesville this week attending the county board meetings.

Frank Woodstock and family of Bellville were here over Sunday making their farewell visit. They expect to leave for their new home in Cedar Falls, Ia. The best wishes of all many friends here are extended to them.

Mrs. Glenn Clark and Miss Ella Harper were Janesville shopkeepers.

Today morning was the coldest of the season. At six o'clock the thermometer registered 16 degrees below and at eight o'clock it was 20 degrees below zero.

WILLOWDALE

Willowdale, Jan. 12.—School commenced Monday after a two weeks vacation.

Two grippe patients are nearly all better.

Mrs. Irene Mealey returned to her work in Edgerton Monday, after being confined to her home here with influenza.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Niatz are the proud parents of a baby girl born the latter part of December.

Mr. Conley of Janesville spent a couple of days here last week doing repair work in the laundry.

Mrs. Sara and Kathryn Crane of Janesville, spent Saturday at their home here. Their cousin, Miss Ruth and Frank Gleason, accompanied them.

RUSSIAN COSSACK PLACED UNDER BOARD OF CONTROL ON CHARGE OF ASSAULT

Monroe, Wis., Jan. 14.—Eddie Blauff, the Russian Cossack who entered a plea of guilty to charges of assault with intent to do great bodily harm, will be placed under the charge of the state board of control. His plea of guilty was entered before Judge George Grimm at Janesville.

Blauff was a member of a crew which was working on a sewer at New Glarus during the past summer. Trouble arose among the men when several were discharged for incompetency and strike followed. When Blauff refused to do work he feared he was about to be done to death, and drew a revolver and fired at the men. He accidentally shot a comrade named Hoboff, whom he was seeking to protect. Hoboff received medical treatment at Madison and was later discharged and cured. Later he continued to feel ill and died from pneumonia.

Miss Nettie Farnsworth visited her sister, Mrs. Will Dixon Wednesday and Thursday afternoon.

Rev. M. S. of Richmond, called on Mr. and Mrs. Charles Savings Monday.

Mr. Charles Savings passed peacefully away at six o'clock this morning at the home of his granddaughter, Mrs. Ben Haag, with pneumonia, fol-

lowing influenza. Mr. Savings is also seriously ill. Mr. and Mrs. Savings immigrated from England in 1868 and located at this place and purchased the parsonage and made it their home up to last fall, when they went to the home of their granddaughter for the winter as they were both upwards of eighty years of age and did not wish to burden their wife to live alone.

Arrangements for the funeral have not yet been made. Further notice will be made later.

visitor Tuesday.

B. Parish and G. Krahn were in Milwaukee yesterday.

and will begin sorting the '15 crop. However, but a small force will be put to work Monday, and a short run is anticipated.

Eighteen degrees below zero was reported in several localities in the city last night.

Congregational Church.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

The subject of the sermon Sunday morning will be "When Ye Say Our."

In the evening Superintendent Lean, state superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, will speak. Strangers are welcome at all services of the church.

Marvin R. Brandt, minister.

Methodist Church.

On Sunday morning the sermon will be preached by Rev. J. S. Lean, D.D., state superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League.

Dr. McNamee, of Stoughton, transacted business in this city yesterday.

L. Eggle of Madison was in the city yesterday calling on old friends and acquaintances.

After an extended visit in the city Mrs. Frank McIntosh returned to her home at Virgo Thursday.

John Madden was a Capital City business caller yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Henderson have been spending several days in Elkton.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Coburn have been in Milwaukee for a few days.

Miss Irene Thibert has been in Geneva Grove for several days, visiting Mrs. Clarence Peeling.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Nickerson and child of South Bend, Ind., have been here visiting their mother, Mrs. Nickerson.

Mr. J. D. Malcolmson of this city died Wednesday morning, after an illness of two years. The funeral will be from the house on Friday at ten o'clock. The burial at Palmyra.

G. Schulz is in Fort Atkinson today on a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Garbutt are moving to Beloit.

Mrs. Eugene Westcott spent Wednesday morning with her niece at Milton.

Mrs. J. C. Reed returned Wednesday from La Grange, Ill., where she has been visiting for several days.

Mrs. N. M. Gleason accompanied her daughter, Mrs. E. P. Dowling, to Madison and will remain there for a time.

Mayor J. A. Fathers of Janesville was here recently. He came to act as installing officer at the annual installation of officers in the L. O. O. F. Lodge.

Mrs. C. G. Baker was a Milwaukee

Whitewater News

Redding, returned yesterday to her home at Little Prairie, after being here for several days with her mother, Mrs. G. H. Pierce. Mrs. Redding has been suffering from an attack of rheumatism.

Frank Kutz and family of Cambridge have been moving into the H. J. Johnson house on Milwaukee street, recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Ray Colby.

Mr. and Mrs. John Henderson have been spending several days in Elkton.

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ported in several localities in the city last night.

Edgerton News

Edgerton, Jan. 14.—The remains of the late Mrs. Anna Henrich were brought from Janesville yesterday and the funeral was held from the home at two o'clock, burial taking place in the family lot at Faust cemetery.

Dr. McChesney was a business caller at Janesville yesterday.

Mrs. C. H. Babcock, Mrs. C. Midtbo and Miss Edna Bibbitt called on friends at Janesville Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Young were Milwaukee visitors yesterday.

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JOE
THE BOOK FARMER
MAKING GOOD
ON THE LAND

By
GARRARD HARRIS

COPYRIGHT, 1915,
BY HAMPER & BROTHERS.

"I'm glad we did that," said Joe as Mr. Somerville came out.

"I am, too, but I am going to give you a suit anyway myself."

Joe's father cleared his throat awk-

"Mr. Somerville, I—I want to give Joe them clo'ces myself. I've been a powerful poor daddy to a mighty fine son an' I ain't never done nothin' much for him. He's made a little man out of himself in spite of me, an' I've got a little money this year for the first time—sorter, tollerin' after his lead, an' I want to show that I got some intrus' in him, anyway."

"Well, now, that's all right, and I'm glad to resign in your favor, Tom."

"I believe I'd rather have daddy give 'em to me, Mr. Somerville. We are gettin' to be mighty good partners now ourselves," smiled Joe.

"You bet we are," delightedly said Tom Weston. "I've got the best boy in seven states—an' I'm just findin' it out."

"When do you reckon we'll hear from the state prizes and those fertilizer prizes?" asked Joe.

"Oh, not until some time late in December. They've got to go over the returns from eighty counties and figure it all up, and I saw in a newspaper the other day that there were over 4,000 boys competing in this state."

"I don't suppose I stand any chance on that," said Joe.

"Pretty long odds," remarked his father.

"There's no tellin'; it's possible, but not likely. I would not get my hopes up, that, Joe, if I were you. This is doin' well enough for one year." Mr. Somerville was trying to prepare him for the possible disappointment.

"I certainly did want that Washington trip and to see things up there and talk to the boss man in this agricultural business."

"Well, son, maybe next year, with what you've learned this year an' havin' your ground already in good fix, you can beat 'em to it."

"We are tryin' on like I'd lost," laughed Joe. "The thing isn't decided that I have lost yet."

"Nothin' like bein' prepared," as the old maid said what kept her weddin' clothes ready fifty years in case some feller would ask her," replied Tom Weston.

"What'll you take for that poor old place we are living on, Mr. Somerville?" asked Joe, after a few moments' silence, when the three had returned to the store.

"Let's see. There's eighty-six acres all together."

"Wouldn't you sell half of it?"

"No, couldn't do that, Tom. You know how it lies. It could not well be divided. Then the part back from the road I did not sell—you could not be disposed of at all."

"Well, what'll you take?"

Mr. Somerville's eyes twinkled.

"Since you and Joe have made such crops on it this year, it's worth a heap more."

"Now, that's what I call a dog mean trick!" laughed Joe.

"But, as I was going on to say, I'll not tick on that extra \$5 an acre."

"What's the best you'll do on about four years' time?"

"I'll sell the eighty-six acres and throw in the house and barn for \$20 an acre."

"One thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars! That's a heap of money to a feller that ain't got none hardly."

"That's very reasonable, Tom."

"Yes, I ain't disputin' that, but you see I only made \$600. My account with you is \$40, ain't it?"

"Yes."

"Then I'm goin' to pay you back that \$60 bonus you gave me on Joe's time."

"No, Tom, I don't want."

"Yes, sir; I am. That's an investment for myself—self respect. As for that hundred you paid me for Joe, why, a trade's a trade, an' you made money on it."

"More than doubled my money."

"Well, that leaves me with \$550. Then I owe you \$150 rent, that leaves \$300. I want to keep \$100 cash to run on so's I won't go in debt, and to buy me a start of good hogs and some chickens with, an' that only leaves me \$200 I could pay cash on the place."

"That's a pretty small payment, though."

"Look here, Mr. Somerville," said Joe, who had been an interested listener, "I think I'll just change my pants some. Seems to me paying rent's a waste of money, and the first thing I ought to do is to get some solid ground of their own under their feet."

"No doubt about that, Joe, but business is business."

"I know that, and I'm going to talk business. Daddy, if you'll fix that place up so mother and Annie will have a home as long as they live in case anything happens to us and then give me half or what's made off it after it's paid for I'll pitch in and help pay for it."

"Why, son, I don't want to take your money."

"It ain't that, daddy; it's investing it. Mr. Somerville got \$307, half of what I made this year, straight farming. I can make that again next year and more, for I've got some experience now. You pay him \$150 rent. There's over \$450 that we could pay on the debt next year and still be in as good

fix as we are right now. Four years of that would give us a clear title to it."

"That's so," assented Tom Weston.

"What do you think of the plan?"

"It's all right."

"Very well, then, Mr. Somerville, we'll trade. I get \$75 prize money, which added to my \$307 gives \$332. Out of the \$332 I want to pay you for that pig I was telling you about, then the rest I am going to keep to buy fertilizer with and pay for help and buy some stock."

"What sort of stock, Joe?" asked the old gentleman curiously.

"Little pigs and calves and yearlings. I can pick them up cheap and raise them for almost nothing and make some money that way."

"That's a good idea," said Tom Weston. "Folks in town here will sell good blooded calves cheaper to a person that's goin' to raise 'em than to a butcher."

"Well, I'll have \$300 I'll put with dad's \$200, and we'll pay you \$500 down on the place."

The three of them went to a lawyer's office, and papers were drawn up. The contract provided that the title to the place was to be vested in a trustee for Joe and Annie; that Mrs. Weston and Annie were to use it as a home as long as they lived, if they desired, and that Joe, after all debts due on the place were paid, was to have one-half the income. Joe and his father also bound themselves each to place in the bank every year \$50 for the benefit of Mrs. Weston and Annie as an old age and "rainy day" fund and to keep it at interest for them. The money was paid, and the kindly old merchant shook hands with them.

"I'm sorry the planting firm of Weston & Somerville has dissolved. I've made money out of it, but I've done more than that—I've made two rattlin' good farmers where there wasn't any before, and the influence of Joe's work is worth I don't know how many thousands of dollars to this county," said the retiring senior partner.

As Joe and his father rode home it seemed a new world to them.

"By the way, daddy, I've made something on the trade too. We got my 'farm' fenced, all right and there's that fifty bushels of cotton seed I can sell. I'll have more money to run on than I thought I would."

"Well, Joe, we've shore got to hustle now and do some furmin' to get that place paid for; but, thank God, she's ours, an' we'll come out all right."

CHAPTER IX.

Joe Makes Mother Happy.

THREE remained now only \$1,220 to pay on the place. After discussing their affairs all the way home, when Joe and his father unhitched the team and started to the house, Tom Weston handed Joe the paper the lawyer had prepared, which insured a home to the two womenfolk.

"You hand it to her, Joe. It's your mom's mornin' mine," he said.

Joe thought of a little speech he would make, but at the supper table he forgot all about it and merely poked the paper at his mother.

"There's a home for you and sis," was all he could say.

As his mother read tears of happiness

regularly now, and never a day passed that the three of them did not do a solid day's work. The place began to take on an entirely new aspect.

Joe sold the pigs for his mother and Annie—\$43 for the two—and he and his father insisted that Mrs. Weston use every cent of it for herself and Annie. They could not keep her from buying a nice tie and a dozen linen handkerchiefs each for "her boys," as she called them, and even Link was made happy with a green and blue tie and a pair of bright red suspenders.

Mr. Weston took the wagon one day when they had about caught up with work and vanished down the road toward the swamp. When he returned, he had four splendid young magnolia trees, a great clump of yellow jasmine roots and two fine young crabapple trees.

"Gives a feller a different feelin', don't it, Joe, to own land. Now, I never cared about fixin' up this front lawn before, but now it's ours, why, I want to make it pretty."

"I'm glad you got those crabapples," said Joe as he tramped the dirt about one of the trees where it had been set.

"I think the blossoms in spring are just about the sweetest of any."

"Well, when that yellow jasmine gets to runnin' over the front porch it'll be hard to beat. And the magnolias? I took pretty fine, won't they?"

"You bet. Now, if we'll just get some woodbine to run over that old oak stump and a lot of those yellow jessicas to go on each side of the front walk we'll be fixe. I think we ought to name this place too."

"That's a good idea. What'll we call it—*Frise Acre Farm?*"

"No, I don't like that. How's the *Advanc Farm?*"

"That's all right. If mother and Annie like it, she goes."

"I think I'll ride over this afternoon and see Jim Sullivan."

"What for?"

"I heard Jim was trying to sell off everything he has. Says he's going to Texas—a man ain't got no chance in this country."

Joe cast his eyes around at his father.

"Jim Sullivan's a lazy, triflin', whisky drinkin' har; that's all I've got to say about it!" responded Tom Weston emphatically.

"An' I reckon I ought to know, for I've proved it."

"Well, if he's going to sell those pigs off cheap I'll buy 'em, for it's a good stock of hogs."

"Yes, and while you're about it you better buy the old sow too. She's a good mother to them pigs, mighty reliable."

Down the road a boy was approaching on horseback at a lope. He reined at the gate and called:

"Joe, here's a note Mr. Somerville sent you!"

Joe was alarmed and could not imagine what it was as he tore the envelope open. A yellow telegraph envelope fell out.

"Dear Joe," wrote Mr. Somerville,

"here's a telegram which came for you this morning. Of course the company does not deliver messages in the country, so I put this chap on a horse and sent it out. Hope it is good news. Your friend, J. Somerville."

With trembling fingers Joe opened the message, and the typewritten words swam before his eyes. It was from the state superintendent of agriculture:

"Congratulations. You win state championship by margin of five bushels and \$2 less expense. Four thousand two hundred contestants. Also awarded nitrate and fertilizer prizes. Report my office 20th for trip to Washington."

His father read the message over his shoulder, and as both finished they grinned foolishly at each other and stood there shaking hands.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

If your Gazette doesn't come, call Western Union.

DEATH ENDS CAREER OF GENERAL HUERTA AT HOME IN EL PASO

Former Mexican Dictator Who Defied United States Dies in Texas While Awaiting Trial for Conspiracy.

By Associated Press.

EL PASO, TEXAS, Jan. 14.—Gen. Victoriano Huerta, former provisional president of Mexico, died at his home in this city at 8:35 o'clock last night. He was unconscious from early in the afternoon.

Funeral arrangements for General Huerta had not been announced early.

The possibility of burial in Mexico, the land of his birth and from which he was an exile, was being considered.

Became President in 1913.

Huerta took office as provisional president on February 19, 1913. Three days afterward Francisco Madero, one of his brothers, who had been arrested with him, and Jose Maria Pino Suarez, vice president under Madero, were assassinated while riding under guardsmen from the palace to the treasury.

This crime aroused a storm of indignation throughout the United States. In many quarters there were demands for intervention but President Taft, who was on the eve of leaving office, decided to take no action which might commit the incoming administration of President Wilson to recognizing Huerta as the head of the Mexican government in spite of the fact that such recognition had been granted by Great Britain. At the same time the Maderistas rallied under Venustiano Carranza, Governor of Coahuila, and Francisco Villa declared war.

Following the refusal of President Wilson to recognize the provisional president, United States Ambassador Henry Lane was recalled from Mexico City. The situation between the United States and Mexico then remained at a practical deadlock until August, when President Wilson sent John Lind, former governor of Minnesota, to the Mexican capital as his personal representative. Mr. Lind presented certain proposals to Huerta, chief of which was that the provisional president should resign and permit a national election at which he would not be a candidate. Huerta summarily rejected these proposals.

Use High-Handed Methods.

In the meantime the Mexican congress had been growing restive and one senator had threatened to make an open attack on Huerta in the senate chamber. He promptly disappeared and when his colleagues demanded an investigation Huerta marched a body of troops into the Hall of Congress, seized 110 deputies and threw them in jail.

His next step was to call an election in which only Huertists were allowed to vote with the result that he was declared president with General Blanquet, vice president.

Lind again demanded that Huerta resign and, meeting with a second refusal, fell out.

Throughout the winter the tension between the United States and Mexico continued to grow more acute.

United States marshals were dispatched to Mexico with a large number of troops to concentrate on the border. At the same time the constitutionalists, as the Carranza faction called themselves, advanced from the north, defeating the Huerta troops in battle after battle.

Vera Cruz Incident.

The climax came in April when a party of American bluejackets was seized at Vera Cruz and thrown into jail. The Americans were quickly released but Huerta refused President Wilson's demand for a formal salute to the Stars and Stripes as a measure of reparation. On April 12 American bluejackets and marines landed at Vera Cruz in force and occupied the city after some street fighting in which a number of Americans were killed.

Shortly afterwards a mediation proposal was made by Argentina, Brazil and Chile and accepted. Conference were held at Niagara Falls but brought no decisive result.

Matters dragged along until July 7, when Huerta, his finances exhausted, his army thoroughly beaten and disorganized, his enemies growing steadily stronger, presented his resigna-

PRODUCTION OF OIL PURPOSELY RETARDED M'CUMBER DECLARIES

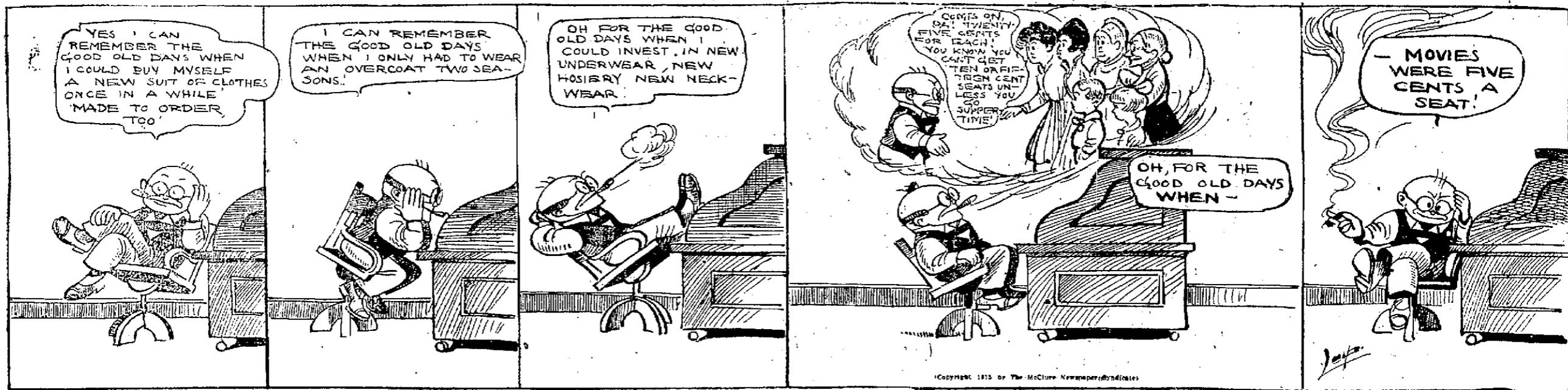
Washington, Jan. 13.—The resolution passed by the senate calling upon the interior department for all the information in its possession regarding the recent jumps in the price of gasoline and the causes therefore, introduced by Senator McCumber of North Dakota, may be made the basis of a far-reaching investigation. So declared McCumber in a speech to the senate.

One production fact brought out by the survey is that crude petroleum stocks held in reserve, the largest ever known, increased 50,000,000 barrels in 1915, and at present more than 220,000,000 barrels are held.

Field storage by producers accounts for 24,000,000 barrels of this.

Export figures for the first ten months of 1915 show that gasoline exports dropped far below the same period in 1914 and slightly below 1913.

Official government figures disclose that in the face of rising prices of gasoline in the production of crude petroleum last year was greater than in 1914, although production was "purposely retarded as far as



DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS—It Does Count Up Some

BY F. LEIPZIGER

Spanish Playing Cards.
Spanish playing cards run from \$1 to \$30 to the pack, according to the games for which they are used.

SOUTHERN DRUG MERCHANT MAKES UNUSUAL STATEMENT

Great Business Losses Due to Neglect



W. WITHERS MILLER
President of the Polk-Miller Drug Company, Richmond, Va., is authority for the following extraordinary statement:

"I estimate that the business men of this country could increase their efficiency fully ten per cent by taking an occasional laxative and not neglecting the bowels as most of them do."

He also said that if the Department of Commerce in Washington would present each business man in the country with a box of Rexall Orderlies, it would be of great benefit to the national welfare. Rexall Orderlies are prompt in action, pleasant to take and never gripe, can be used by men, women or children, and are just the thing for toning up sluggish livers.

We have the exclusive selling rights for this great laxative. Trial size, 10 cents.

SMITH DRUG CO.
THE REXALL STORE

Washing Won't Rid Head Of Dandruff

The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

Do this tonight, and by morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop at once, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and never fails to do the work.

Advertisement

DRUNKARDS SAVED

We are in earnest when we ask you to try OBRINE for that. You have nothing to risk and everything to gain for your money will be returned if after a trial fall to get results from OBRINE. This offers to the wives and mothers of those who drink to excess an opportunity to try the OBRINE treatment. Any individual treatment can be given in the home without publicity or loss of time from business or given secretly without patient's knowledge.

OBRINE is prepared in two forms: No. 1, secret treatment, a powder; OBRINE No. 2, in pill form, for those who desire to take voluntary treatment. Tests only \$1.00 a box. Ask for OBRINE.

McCue & Buss Drug Co.
14 So. Main St.

QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

Get Dr. Edwards'
Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and colonel's old-time enemy discovered the formula for Olive Tablets which are the panacea for chronic constipation and torpid liver.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, soothing vegetable laxative.

No gripping is the "keynote" of these little, round, oval-shaped tablets. They cause the bowel to live its natural life. They never force them to unnatural action.

If you have a "dark brown mouth" now and then—a bad breath—a dull, tired feeling in the head—torpid liver and are constipated for days—then you only pleasant results from one or two little Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at bedtime.

Thousands take one or two every night just to keep right. Try them. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.

though these must have been.
Anger burned in him no less hotly than chagrin. It could hardly be otherwise with one who, so long suffered to go his way without discovery or hindrance, now suddenly, in the course of a few brief hours, found himself brought up with a round turn—hemmed in and menaced on every side by secret opposition and hostility.

He no longer feared to be watched; and the very fact that, as far as he could see, he wasn't watched, only added fuel to his resentment, demonstrating as it did so palpably the cynical assurance of the Pack that it had him cornered, without alternative other than to meet its wishes.

To the driver of the first taxicab he said: "L'Abbaye;" then shutting himself within the conveyance, he surrendered to the most morose reflections.

Nothing of his mood was, however, apparent in his manner or alighting. He bore a countenance of amiable innocence through the portals of this festal institution, whose proudest boast and, incidentally, sole claim to uniqueness is that it never opens its doors before midnight nor closes them before dawn.

He had moved about with such celerity since entering his flat on the Rue Roger that it was even now only two o'clock, an hour at which revelry might be expected to have reached its apogee in this, the soldiery's smartest place in Paris.

A less sophisticated adventurer might have been flattered by the cordiality of his reception at the hands of the maître d'hôtel.

"Ah-h, M. Lanyard!" But it is long since we have been so favored. However, I have kept your table for you."

"Have you, indeed?"

"Could it be otherwise, after receipt of your honored order?"

"No," said Lanyard coolly. "I presume not, if you value your peace of mind."

"Monsieur is alone?"—this with an accent of disappointment.

"Temporarily, perhaps."

"But this way, if you please."

In the wake of the functionary Lanyard traversed that frowsy anteroom, where doubtful wasters are herded on suspicion in company with the corps of automatic bacchanalians and figurantes, to the main restaurant, the inner sanctum toward which the naive soul of the travel-bitten Anglo-Saxon aspires so ardently.

It was not a large room; irregularly pentagonal in shape, lined with walls set behind a close-set rank of tables; better lighted than most Parisian restaurants, that is to say, less glaringly; ill-ventilated: the open space in the middle of the floor devoted to a handful of haggard young professional dancers, their stunted bodies more or less costumed in brilliant colors, footling it with all the vivacity to be expected of five francs per night per head; the tables occupied by parties Anglo-Saxon and French in the proportion of five to one, served by a company of bored and apathetic waiters; a string orchestra ragging incessantly; a vicious buck-nigger on a dais shining with self-complacency while he vamped and shouted: "Waitin' for th' Red Bull."

Lanyard permitted himself to be penned in a corner behind a table, told the waiter to bring him champagne—not because he wanted it, but because it was etiquette—suppressed a yawn, lit a cigarette, and reviewed the assemblage with a languid but shrewd glance.

He saw only the company of every night—for even in the off season there are always enough English-speaking people in Paris to make it possible for L'Abbaye Théâtre to keep open with profit—the inevitable assortment of respectable married couples with their friends, the men chafing and wondering if possibly all this might seem less unattractive were they foot-loose and fancy-free. The women contriving to seem at ease with varying degrees of success, but one and all flushed with dubiety; the sprinkling of demi-mondaines not in the least concerned about their social status; the handful of people who, having brought their fun with them, were having the good time they would have had anywhere; the scattering of plain drunks in evening dress. Nowhere a face that Lanyard recognized definitely—no Mr. Banon, no Comte Rémy de Morbihan.

He regarded this circumstance, however, with more vexation than surprise—De Morbihan would surely show up in time; meanwhile it was annoying to be obliged to wait, to endure this martyrdom of ennui.

He sipped his wine sparingly, with out relish, considering the single subsidiary fact which did impress him with some wonder—that he was being left severely to himself; something which doesn't often fall to the lot of the unattached male at L'Abbaye. Evidently an order had been issued with respect to him. Ordinarily he would

have been grateful, tonight he was merely irritated; it rendered him conspicuous.

The fixed round of delirious diversion unfolded—as per schedule. A Spanish dancing girl was given a clear floor for her specialty—which consisted in singing several verses understood by nobody—and emphasized her vivacity by making frantic dashes and rumpling the hair of several variously surprised, indignant and flattened male guests—among these Lanyard, who submitted with resignation.

And then, just when he was on the point of consigning the Pack to the devil for inflicting upon him such cruel and inhuman punishment, the Spanish girl picked her way through the mob of dancers who had now invaded the floor and paused beside his table.

"You're not angry, mon coco?" she pleaded with a provocative smile.

Smilingly Lanyard returned a negative.

"Then I may sit down with you and drink a glass of your wine?"

"Can't you see I've been saving the bottle for you?"

The woman plumped herself promptly into the chair opposite the adventurer. He filled her a glass.

"But you are not happy tonight?" she demanded, staring over the brim as she sipped.

"I am thoughtful," he said.

"And what does that mean?"

"I am saddened to contemplate the infirmities of my countrymen, these Americans who can't rest in Paris until they find some place as deadly as Broadway boasts, these English who adore beautiful Paris solely because here they may continue to get drunk publicly after half past twelve!"

"Ah, then it's you are bored, is it not?" said the girl, gingerly stroking her faded painted cheek.

"It is true; I am bored."

"Then why not go where you are wanted?" She drained her glass at a gulp and jumped up, swirling her skirts. "Your cab is waiting, monsieur—and perhaps you may find it more amusing with that Pack."

Flinging herself into the arms of another dancing girl, she swung away, grinning impishly at Lanyard over her partner's shoulder.

CHAPTER VIII.

The High Hand.

Evidently his first move toward departure was signaled, for as he passed quite through L'Abbaye's doors the carriage porter darted forward and saluted.

"M. Lanyard?"

"Yes."

"Monsieur's car is waiting."

"Indeed!" Lanyard surveyed briefly handsome black limousine that, at pause beside the curb, was champing its bit in the most spirited fashion. Then he smiled appreciatively. "All the same, I thank you for the compliment," he added, and forthwith tipped the porter.

But before entrusting himself to this gratuitous conveyance he put himself to the trouble of inspecting the chauffeur, who proved to be a capable-looking mechanic togged out in rich black livery which, though relieved by a vast amount of silk braiding, was, like the car in his charge, guiltless of any sort of insignia.

"I presume you know where I want to go, my man?"

The chauffeur touched his cap: "But naturally, monsieur."

"Then take me there the quickest way."

Nodding acknowledgment of the porter's parting salute, Lanyard sank gratefully back upon uncommonly luxurious upholstery. The fatigue of the last thirty-six hours was beginning to tell on him, though his youth was still so vital, so instinct with strength and vigor that he could, if need be, go as he pleased.

He saw only the company of every night—for even in the off season there are always enough English-speaking people in Paris to make it possible for L'Abbaye Théâtre to keep open with profit—the inevitable assortment of respectable married couples with their friends, the men chafing and wondering if possibly all this might seem less unattractive were they foot-loose and fancy-free. The women contriving to seem at ease with varying degrees of success, but one and all flushed with dubiety; the sprinkling of demi-mondaines not in the least concerned about their social status; the handful of people who, having brought their fun with them, were having the good time they would have had anywhere; the scattering of plain drunks in evening dress. Nowhere a face that Lanyard recognized definitely—no Mr. Banon, no Comte Rémy de Morbihan.

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long again without sleep.

None the less he was glad of this opportunity to snatch a few moments' rest by way of preparation against the occult culmination of this adventure. No telling what might ensue of this violation of all those principles which had hitherto insured his welfare!

However, he stood committed to his folly, if folly it were—he would play the game as it laid.

As for curiosity concerning his immediate destination, there was little enough of that in his temper, thanks to the fact that a single glance round on leaving the car would fix his whereabouts beyond question, so thorough-going was his knowledge of Paris.

He contemplated briefly, with admiration, the simplicity with which that affair at L'Abbaye had been managed, finding no just cause to suspect anyone there of criminal complicity in the plans of the Pack—a forged order for a table to the maître d'hôtel, ten francs to the carriage porter, and twenty more to the dancing woman to play their parts in a putative practical joke—and the thing was arranged without implicating a soul!

Of a sudden, ending a ride much shorter than he would have liked, the limousine swerved in toward a curb.

Bending forward, Lanyard unlatched the door and, glancing through the window, uttered a grunt of profound disgust.

If this were the best that Pack could do—

He had hoped for something a trifle more romantic from men with wit and imagination enough to plot the earlier phases of this adventure.

The car was pulling up in front of an institution which he knew well, far too well, indeed, for his own good.

None the less he consented to get out.

"Sure you've come to the right address?" he asked the chauffeur.

Two fingers touching the visor of his cap: "But certainly, monsieur!"

"Oh, all right!" Lanyard grumbled resignedly, and tossing a five-franc piece, addressed himself to the entrance of an outwardly commonplace and respectable hotel particular situated in the Rue Chaptal between the imposse of the Grand Guignol and the Rue Pigalle.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Dinner Stories

"I hear old Van Geld is down with nervous prostration brought on by business worries. I don't see what he's got to worry about. He's got eighty or ninety million dollars."

"It isn't the money he's got that's worrying him. It's the money other

people have. He's afraid he won't be able to get it all away from them before he dies."

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"Then take me there the quickest way."

Nodding acknowledgment of the porter's parting salute, Lanyard sank gratefully back upon uncommonly luxurious upholstery. The fatigue of the last thirty-six hours was beginning to tell on him, though his youth was still so vital, so instinct with strength and vigor that he could, if need be, go as he pleased.

"Oh, Red, you're easy, easy, easy," shrieked one very wild fan who was getting on Red's nerves.

"I'm not half as easy as you are," retorted Red. "You paid 50 cents to

the ballplayers are down South in the spring the old players do not take any chances with their pitching arms, letting the youngsters prove their energies instead. One day in Little Rock, where the Detroit team was playing an exhibition, old Red Donahue, who in his day was the sharpest-tongued man in baseball, was tossing them over and letting them to the great delight of the spectators.

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Pleasant Fields of Holy Writ

Save for my daily range
Among the pleasant fields of Holy
Writ,
I might despair. —Tennyson.

THE INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

First Quarter: Lesson III: Acts 1, 22-24; 29-41; January 16, 1916.

PETER'S SERMON AT PENTECOST.

Pentecost is described as the ringing of the great bell of the universe. In answer to its imperious summons a most remarkable audience gathered. It represented a vast territory—from Asia Minor to the Libyan Desert, from Mesopotamia to Rome. A many-tongued audience! * * * To the ecstatic improvisation in all the dialects of that motley throng to which the apostles yielded themselves, the ear, orderly, logical discourse of Peter is in sharp contrast. He spoke in Greek, the then almost universal language. Well might Chrysostom call him "the mouth of the apostles," such was his eloquence. * * * After putting aside, without resentment, the derisive explanation of the scene which prejudice suggested, he proceeded, with the skill of a practiced orator, to find a common ground with his auditory, as Paul did when he quoted "heathen" classics. He said, in substance: "We all believe in Joel—that he is a prophet sent of God. Now Joel expressly affirms that in the latter days 'there shall be an effusion of the Spirit, with signs and wonders attending, chief among which shall be some species of sacred rhapsody. Do not the scenes which you witness closely conform to those which Joel described by inspiration? Do not the sound of fire, and the tongues fulfill Joel's prophecy?" Then, too, David is the bright star of our national history—our royal hymnist. Now, David says, in a certain Psalm: "My flesh shall rest in hope. My soul will not be left in Hades. I'll not see corruption, till I find the way to life." But David's flesh has seen corruption. Yonder is his tomb. There lie his ashes. So David could not have been speaking of himself. There is another shade. It is yonder in the garden, near to Calvary. Its seal is broken; it is gone rolled away: it is empty! The body laid there saw no corruption. The resurrection of Jesus, of which we are witnesses, is the literal fulfillment of David's prophecy. And David himself said, "The Lord (the Father) said unto my Lord (the Son), Sit Thou on My right hand till I make Thine enemies the footstool of Thy feet." Now David had not ascended, but the Messiah certainly has. "God hath made him both Lord and Christ." * * * Of the five hundred and thirty-one words in this sermon, two hundred and eighteen are used in quotations from the Hebrew Scriptures, so opposite as to carry conviction to the majority. This masterpiece of sacred oratory, this first gospel sermon, produced a surprising transformation in the auditors. They began by calling the apostles drunkards; they ended by calling them brothers. They talked haughtily of being Abraham's seed; but their pharisaical phrases quickly gave place to the physician's "God be merciful to me a sinner!" * * * The lovely and fascinating picture of the Apostolic Church, which the closing paragraph of this chapter contains, could never have been painted but for the thorough work done in the hearts of these hearers. They were awakened, convicted, penitent, believing, converted, baptized. A splendid foundation. No wonder they continued steadfast in the teaching of the apostles, and in preferring their company to that of any other, and in the ordinances of the Church, and in the special seasons of prayer. Their converts were fused into an unselfish brotherhood. Altruism dominated. The rich and the poor met together. The strong bore the infirmities of the weak. Each in honor preferred the other. Such a church would naturally be vocal with praise. It would command respect. It would draw men like a magnet.

THE TEACHER'S LANTERN.

On the river bank we instinctively question about its source. The mind delights in origins. The book of Genesis of any order of thought or action is absorbingly interesting. We instinctively ask, "Whence comes it?" What was it like in the beginning? It is a matter of large philosophic importance, for no true estimate of human history, past, present or future, can be made without the recognition of the Church as an important, if not a prime factor. It is not a curious or speculative question. By comparing the Church of today with the Church of the apostles, we shall know whether the church had advanced or retrograded; whether it has preserved its original spirit and purpose or not. The second chapter of the Acts of Apostles is the book of Genesis of the Christian church. It is a faithful-speaking photograph of the Church at its origin. The characteristics of the apostolic converts were that they continued steadfastly: (1) In the apostles' doctrine, viz., their oral teaching. They went to church. (2) In the apostles' fellowship. Communion of saints was not so much a matter of creed as of practice. (3) In the breaking of bread. They neglected not the speaking ordinance Jesus appointed to remind them of the offering of His life, which He made in love and service, an offering they were to imitate. (4) In prayers—literally, the prayers: prayers offered at a specific time and in a designated place; in other words, the prayer-meeting.

Accessions to the Church in its various branches now amount to more than three thousand a day. But in some it is no Pentecost without fire and noise. * * * Peter showed superb tact in disarming prejudice and clinching a hearing. The pioneer preachers of an earlier day in this country did likewise. Need of it is not outgrown yet. It admits of question whether more skill is not required now than ever. Not in foreign or city mission field only, but among boys and girls and young people of our homes and colleges consummate art is needed. Appeals to authority, threats of dire consequences, are dead; old methods are effete. Pioneer ways would be laughed out of countenance today. The ethics of the case must be shown, and the philosophical principles universally applicable to life must be seen and illustrated.

HOW TO WORK WITH OTHERS, January 16, 1916. —Isaiah XLII-17

When William Loyd Garrison cried, "The world is my country! All men are my countrymen!" he only put into modern prose the prophet's vision of individual life as related to the whole. The work of each fits into that of all. As Isaiah says the carpenter matches the goldsmith, the blacksmith the solderer, and so the temple of man grows to completeness.

Save for my daily range
Among the pleasant fields of Holy
Writ,

—Tennyson.

TREASURY OF COUNTY HAS RECORD BALANCE OF HUNDRED THOUSAND

REPORT OF TREASURER F. F. LIVEMORE SHOWS BALANCE NOW IS \$106,433.58.

The Shame of the Cross

By REV. WM. WALLACE KETCHUM
Director of the Practical Work Course, Moody
Bible Institute of Chicago

TEXT—He endured the cross, despising the shame.—Heb. 12:2.

The cross, which Christ endured and the shame of which he despised, was not the idealized and sentimentalized cross of which we hear much today. It was a cross made of rough-hewn sticks of timber, an instrument like the gallows, upon which criminals were executed.

And yet, Christ, we are told, notwithstanding this, despised its shame. What shame? The

shame of being put to death as a common criminal. For it was as such, you will recall, he was condemned to death, and as such he died in the eyes of the law; though he did nothing worthy of death, and Pilate his judge found in him no fault at all.

When we apprehend that Jesus Christ, the Holy One of God, suffered the reproach, the dishonor, the contempt, the infamy and ignominy of a common criminal's execution, we begin to know a little of the shame of the cross. We understand something of what Paul means when, speaking of Christ becoming obedient unto death, he adds, "even the death of the cross."

But there is a deeper shame than that of which we have spoken. It is the shame that came to him through dying; his death identified him with the result of sin, for death is a consequence of sin. "Wherefore, as by one man sin entered into the world, and death by sin; and so death passed upon all men, for that all have sinned." So, while Christ suffered the shame of dying the death of a common criminal, it was greater shame for him, the Son of God, in whom was no sin, to die at all.

The teaching of the philosophers that death is natural to man, is not the teaching of the Bible. The body is not the prison-house of the soul from which escape is desirable. The body and soul united constitute the complete man. This does not mean that when the dissolution of soul and body takes place, the soul does not survive the body. The Scriptures teach it does; but they also teach that man's complete personality consists in the union of both soul and body, and that this will be realized at the resurrection of the just. Death then is not natural, but unnatural. It is the resultant of sin, and so for Christ to die was a disgrace, a reproach, a shame. Death had no dominion over Christ; no claim upon him for he was without sin. "No man," he said, speaking of his death, "taketh my life from me, but I lay it down of myself. I have power to lay it down, and I have power to take it again." He alone of all men could say this. Other men die because they must, for "death has passed upon all men." He became obedient unto death; he yielded up his spirit; that is, he allowed death, the great conqueror of mankind, to overcome him. He suffered its shame.

But deep as this shame was, the shame of the cross was still deeper. It was the shame of our sin. For there on the cross, "He bore our sins in his own body;" there, "the Lord laid on him the iniquity of us all;" there, "he suffered for our sin, the just for the unjust, that he might bring us to God;" there, the holy spotless lamb of God "died for the ungodly." Thus, "the one who knew no sin," became identified, not only with the result of sin by death, but with sin, being "made sin for us." It was this, more than anything else, that constituted the shame of the cross of our Lord. Its baseness and dishonor was your sin and mine, which he there put away by the sacrifice of himself.

Was it for crimes that I have done, He groaned upon the tree,
Amid pity, grace unknown,
And love beyond degree!

I wish we might catch the picture given us of our Lord in the two words "despised" and "endured." The first word shows him so far above the shame of the cross that he, as it were, looked down upon it. Literally, the word means "to think down upon;" that is, to think lightly of it. What a wonderful Christ! Because of the joy set before him, he could think lightly of the awful shame of the cross. Truly, our master "came not to be ministered unto, but to minister and to give his life a ransom for many."

The other word, "endured," pictures him as voluntarily, patiently, suffering on the accursed cross. We see him held there, not by the cruel nails that pierced his hands and feet, but by his own indomitable will and supreme love for us. Human hands placed him there, but divine love kept him there. Surely, his crucifixion from the human side was misery, for with wicked hands they slew him, but on the divine side it was sacrifice. God giving his son to be the savior of the world and the son giving himself that we might have life through him.

\$15.00 nor more than \$40.00 per month to any one family.

Big Amount Needed.

Judges Clarke of Beloit and Maxfield of Janesville have already filed seven orders, that for \$12,000 monthly or \$1,500 for the county. Beloit, the judges advise me that other cases are pending and in all probability that it will require from \$5,000 to \$6,000 per month to meet the requirements of this law.

Let me tell you, however, that this law need not alarm the county board. While the county has to advance this money it is all returned to the county during the year. How often, I ask, is the town supposed to pay one tenth and any unpaid balance will be entered against the town, city or village from which the dependent comes, recommend that you authorize the county treasurer to pay these claims amount not exceeding \$5,000.00 during the year. There seems to be no way to avoid the law. The attorney general has ruled that all counties must pay the obligations.

Highway Law Litigation.

Beloit, that the state highway law is unconstitutional and eventual litigation before the supreme court of Wisconsin, in the opinion of the treasurer, will subsequently, providing the tribunal sustains the contentions of the two cities, place both county and state finances in danger. Incidentally, Mr. Livermore detailed his annual report to the board. The county has a balance of \$106,433.58 on hand at the present time.

The report, which he submitted to the board was, he said, record breaker in the history of the county.

Monthly, greater amounts of money were annually passing through the various channels of the county, a substantial indication of ever increasing prosperity and growing wealth. Tax levies during the years since 1909 have increased materially. From a \$30,000 deficit in 1912, two years show a balance of over one hundred thousand dollars and all county obligations met.

Against ever increasing expenses, the asylum and poor farms, blind pensioners, county schools, and aid for the poor, the county treasury funds have been on the increase. Mr. Livermore called attention to the new channel through which expenses will be boosted.

Report Premier in Records.

"The report bring you this 1915 year, as compared with that of 1914, is not a record breaker, but as compared with all previous years to 1914 stands without a peer in the records of Rock county," said Mr. Livermore. "The immense sums that annually pass through the county's various channels are but an index of the growing wealth and importance of Rock county, which ranks third in the state."

"The tax levy for state and county taxes of 1913 which I reported in 1914 amounted to \$432,520.00. The levy for 1914, returned in 1915 291,462.53. A difference of \$141,057.49. The levy for 1915 to be collected is 244,316.05. \$188,200 less than 1913, or a reduction of \$47,146.48 compared with 1914.

"So far during the past two years there has been a marked reduction in state and county taxes. For the four years prior to the big year (or 1913), the average state and county taxes was \$242,467, and the levy this year is only \$850 more than the average for 1910, 1911, 1911 and 1912. These facts are worthy of consideration, and notwithstanding county expenses in many directions, increasing we are able by the increased expenses of the county aside from the tax levy.

"In 1912 the county closed the year with \$30,000.00 deficit; in 1913 the county obligations were all met and a small working balance was in the treasury, enough so that we did not have to borrow money to pay matured obligations.

Deficit of 1913.

"In 1914 I reported a balance of \$97,899.52, and this year have a balance of \$106,433.00, and this too in face of the fact that for the past two years there has been decided reductions in county tax levy.

The departments that call for most increases are the asylum and poor farms, which has climbed from \$5,000.00 a few years ago to \$18,000.00 last year. The blind, however, are increasing steadily; the county schools have advanced from \$2,400.00 to \$6,000.00.

The poormusters are calling for large increases. Formerly \$6,000.00 was ample, but in 1915 they called for \$10,000.00, and now we have a new department started by the law of 1915.

"I refer to the dependent children law which authorizes the judge of the juvenile court or county judge in any county to order the court to pay such sums as his judgment may think wise and just to widows who have dependent children, not less than

be either oiled or repaired but to leave the matter to their committees whom they have invested with the powers of the road commission, stipulated in the recent act of the legislature which created this new body.

Abstract Books Expensive.

New copies of the abstract books to take the places of old and worn out copies in the register of deeds office cost the county \$100.00 per copy.

Two thousand dollars were appropriated in 1912 and the remainder, one hundred and ninety-eight dollars, by the present board, yesterday. Two dollars a double page was the contract price. The work was done extra by Register Smiley.

The sale of poormaster of the southeastern division, Fred Seegmiller, was boosted one hundred dollars, from five to six hundred, the same amount. Assa P. Anderson is receiving a rising vote of thanks.

A rising vote of thanks was extended the chairman of the board, E. B. Moseley, for his services as such during the past two years.

Per diem was collected and some chilly rides home were in order.

GOING ON A TRIP?

BETTER GO TONIGHT BEFORE FAIR BOOST

Railway Travel Cost Increased at
Midnight—Substantial Boost
For Interstate Points.

If you're thinking of taking a trip tomorrow to Chicago or any other point outside of Wisconsin and can't afford to pay the extra fare, do so now, then go tonight. Pay your grip right off and dash for the train. Two dollars a double page was the contract price. The work was done extra by Register Smiley.

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A table compiled today by Ticket Agent Floyd L. Davis of the Milwaukee road shows the increases at a number of points, popular destinations of many Janesville people. It follows:

Point	Old Fare	New Fare
Chicago	\$1.54	\$2.31
Madison	.62	.74
Rockford	.66	.82
Davenport	2.16	2.60
Des Moines	5.67	8.37
Dubuque	2.37	3.00
Omaha	9.40	11.23
Kansas City	9.37	11.23
Freight	1.00	1.22

Rates east of Chicago will not be changed and fares to points east will

be increased that amount now noticeable between Janesville and Chicago.

The old 2,000 mile ticket book, long used as the standard 2,000 individual ticket was withdrawn on Dec. 28 and on the following day a new book, known as the 2,000 coupon individual ticket assumed its place.

**COLD MAY CLAIM EARS
OF BELOIT RESIDENT**

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Beloit, Jan. 14—Edward Sobel, a resident of this city, while going to work this morning found that he had frozen both of his ears. While trying to thaw them out both of them split, causing a painful injury. Doctors stated that they have never known of a similar case.

He Uses the Safe and Sure Thing at Home

P. A. Elford, Conejo, Calif., writes as follows: "I have sold Foley Honey and Tar Compound for all sorts of cough medicines for a number of years, but never use anything but Foley's Honey and Tar Compound as it produces the best results, always gives severe colds and sore chest and does not contain opium or other harmful drugs."

Unthinking and careless people neglect their coughs and colds, not realizing how they weaken the system and even pneumonia.

For promptly averting serious colds, Foley's Honey and Tar Compound spreads a healing influence over inflamed surfaces, eases tightness and soreness of chest, helps croup, whooping-cough, wheezing, bronchial and la grippe, etc.

★ ★ ★ Every user is a friend.

W. T. SHERER.

Because

SIMPLICITY

Is the keynote of its construction. Choose an

UNDERWOOD

When you rent a Typewriter

It is the choice of the World's champion operators and of the most expert typists. It has for ten years held the International Trophy cup for speed and accuracy.

This Newspaper Is a Member of the Audit Bureau of Circulations

It submits all its circulation figures, books and records of every nature pertaining to circulation, to the rigid scrutiny of the auditors of the *Audit Bureau of Circulations*, and gives its unqualified support to the *Audit Bureau of Circulations*.

We do this because the Audit Bureau of Circulations is the *biggest forward step that has been taken in years, in either the newspaper or the advertising field*.

- We want the advertisers who buy space in this paper to know exactly *how much circulation they are paying for and where that circulation is*.

We want them to get this information from an *authoritative and unbiased source*—in such standardized form as will enable them to make fair comparisons of this paper with *other newspapers of the same class*.

We want our advertisers to pay us—not for the circulation we *think* we have or *hope* we have or *guess* we have—but for the circulation that the trained accountants of the *Audit Bureau of Circulations FIND WE HAVE*.

As a result of the rigid audits of newspaper and periodical circulations made by the Audit Bureau of Circulations, every advertiser in America can now buy his *advertising space with definite and detailed knowledge of just what circulation he is getting*.

The buying of advertising space has been raised at one stroke to a plane of efficiency never known before.

Over a thousand of the leading Newspapers, Periodicals, National Advertisers, Retail Store Advertisers and Advertising Agents in America comprise the membership of the *Audit Bureau of Circulations*, and this newspaper is proud to be one of them.

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Taylor-Critchfield-Clague Agency,
Chicago.
F. R. DAVIS,
General Electric Co., Schenectady,
New York.
F. C. GRANDIN,
Postum Cereal Co., Battle Creek,
Mich.
O. C. HARN,
National Lead Co., New York.

FRANK C. HOYT,
The Outlook, New York.
CHARLES F. JENKINS,
Farm Journal, Philadelphia.
EMERY MAPES,
Cream of Wheat Co., Minneapolis.
L. B. JONES,
Eastman Kodak Co., Rochester, N.Y.
S. C. DOBBS,
Coca Cola Co., Atlanta, Ga.

M. C. ROBBINS,
Iron Age, New York.
E. R. SHAW,
Practical Engineer, Chicago.
F. H. SQUIER,
Pabst Brewing Co., Milwaukee.
WM. WRIGLEY, JR.,
Wm. Wrigley, Jr. Co., Chicago.
LAFE YOUNG, JR.,
Des Moines Capital.

RUSSELL R. WHITMAN, Managing Director, 15 East Washington Street, Chicago

The Janesville Daily Gazette

Member Audit Bureau of Circulations

We Will Furnish Detailed A. B. C. Reports on the Circulation of This Newspaper to Any Advertiser at Any Time. All Other Newspapers Which You Use Should Do the Same.

RATE FOR ADVERTISEMENTS in these classified columns is one cent per word per insertion. Nothing less than will be accepted. Cash discount 25 per cent if paid at time order is given. Charge accounts 1 cent per word.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

WHEN YOU THINK of insurance, think of C. P. BEERS. 1-28-tt.
RAZORS HONED—25c. Premo Bros. 27-tt.

SITUATION WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper or general office girl. Address "X" care Gazette. 3-14-dad.

WOMAN WANTS WORK cleaning or washing. Will go out. Phone R. 1-Block 1941. 3-14-ct.

SITUATION WANTED, MALE

WORK WANTED—A man with family to support, is greatly in need of work. Will do anything. Experienced with horses. New phone black 1041. 2-1-14-ct.

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Mrs. Fred Howe, 211 S. Third St. 4-1-13-ct.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. No washing. Rock 1-Block 912 black. 4-1-4-dtt.

Hauskeper, good wages. Girls for private houses and hotels. Mrs. E. McCarthy, both phones. 4-12-30-ff.

MALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Married man to work on farm by month or year. References required. Address "Farm Hand" care Gazette. 5-1-10-ct.

WANTED—Boy 16 or 17 years old at Delaney & Murphy. 5-1-13-ct.

WANTED—Boy or man for steady work on farm. Apply 18 North Main. 5-1-13-ct.

AGENTS WANTED

WE STRIVE to keep from this page of reputable firms. Let us know if you answer a fake. We will prosecute 5-1-14-ct.

WANTED, MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—From 2 to 5 loads grub or supplies. State price. New phone blue 707. Old phone 7403. 6-1-14-ct.

WANTED—FOR POSTAGE STAMPS, planned to buy old stamps and stamp collections, send description to care Gazette. 6-1-2-ct.

WANTED—Poultry and veal. High prices paid. Correct weight. Will pay for it and weigh it at your home on your scales. You save time and shrinkage when selling to us. Call Rock Co. telephone 5381-G. 6-1-2-ct.

WANTED—Double team harnesses to bush and oil, one dollar per pair. Repairing to be done as a big discount if brought early before spring. Frank Sadler, Court St bridge. 27-12-31-ct.

WANTED—500 lbs. clean wiping 8-3-ct. Gazette. 5-1-12-ct.

BOARD AND ROOM TO RENT

WANTED—Boarders and roomers. 21 So. Academy. 9-1-12-ct.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished home. Frank Hayes. 11-12-31-ct.

FLATS FOR RENT

FOR RENT—The finest 5 room steam heated flat in city. Old phone 362-5-11-11-ct.

FOR RENT—Steam heated flat, with all modern conveniences. Mrs. A. C. Hall, 2 S. Main St. 45-1-8-ct.

FOR RENT—Five room modern flat. Old phone 1073. new phone 388. 45-1-1-ct.

FOR RENT—Three room flat, down town. Mrs. Carter & Morse. 4-12-2-ct.

HOUSES FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished house 1st and three blocks from depot. Furnishable. Phone at 479 N. Wisconsin St. 742 white. 11-1-13-ct.

FOR RENT—3 rooms corner Glen and Birch Sts. New phone 557. 5-1-11-ct.

AUTOMOBILES

AUTOMOBILE AND TIRE REPAIRING, tires, tubes and accessories. Janesville Vulcanizing Co. 18-11-13-ct.

BICYCLES

HIGH GRADE BICYCLES. C. H. Cox 48-12-30-ct.

PREMO BROTHERS for Bicycles. 48-11-22-ct.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Small diamond stick pin. Reward if returned to Gazette. 5-1-12-ct.

LOST—On South River St., pocket book containing check and currency. Finder please leave at Gazette office. 5-1-12-ct.

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—Two sets of high bobs, as new. Inquire Johnson's grocery. 13-1-13-ct.

FOR SALE—Newspaper matrics. 13-1-13-ct.

FOR SALE—Complete map of Rock County, showing all roads, schools, towns, villages, etc., railroads, farms with number, areas and all information. Printed on strong bond paper, handy size, 12x24. Free with year's advance subscription to the Daily Gazette.

FOR SALE—Religious articles, crucifixes, prayer books, etc. St. Joseph's convent. 13-10-11-ct.

FOR SALE—Newspaper matrics. 13-1-13-ct.

PAPER TOWELS AND FIXTURES—Sanitary and economical for schools and public buildings, factories, work rooms, etc. indispensable for the kitchen. per roll, \$8 case of 50. Gazette Printing Dept. Phone 13-12-2-ct.

FOR SALE—Old newspapers, 5 cents a bundle. Gazette Office. 13-6-14-ct.

BOWLING AND BILLIARDS

FOR SALE—New and second-hand pool and pocket billiard tables, also alleys and accessories, barrels of all kinds. Easy payments. WE TRUST THE PEOPLE! The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 275 W. West Water street, Milwaukee. 16-6-8-ct.

FARM IMPLEMENTS

FOR SALE—One second hand De Laval cream separator, one s. h. p. engine, one 15 h. p. Case steam engine. Nitscher Implement Co. 20-12-1-ct.

LIVESTOCK

FOR SALE—Registered Jersey bulls, Poland China Boars and Gilts. Douglas, Janesville, Fondaire. 21-10-5-ct.

FOR SALE—Pure bred Poland China and Shorthorn bulls. Good. M. Lay, Janesville. Bell 21-1-13-ct.

Farmers Profit by Use of Want Ads.

The question of fresh eggs has been solved by several families in Janesville who read the Gazette Want Ads and grasped the opportunity offered by the following advertiser. Other farmers could sell eggs, butter and produce quickly at or even higher than market prices by telling the public about it through the Gazette Want Ads.

Advertiser Printing Co.

I put an add in the Gazette Dec. 29th, fresh eggs for sale, and received nineteen calls from people wanting eggs.

Following is the advertisement:

FOR SALE—Fresh eggs delivered once week. Rock Co. phone 6553-4 rings.

* F. H. ARNOLD.

ABE MARTIN



This is the age of specialists and nobody pretends to know it all like they used to. An optimist is a fool who believes that what is going to be will be postponed.

FOR SALE
7 acres of very good land with fair buildings, near city; cheap if taken at once.

J. E. KENNEDY
Sutherland Blk. Janesville, Wis.

Rock Co. Phone 1032 Red. Bell Phone 1390.

Albrecht & Rothery
Electrical Contractors
58 So. Main, Janesville, Wis.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF HEARING.
STATE OF WISCONSIN,
County Court for Rock County:
In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at a Regular Term of the County Court to be held in and for said County at the Court House, in the City of Janesville, in said County, on the first Tuesday, being the 1st day of February 1916, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and concluded.

The application of Annie Oakley for the appointment of an administrator of the estate of Alexander Jack late of the village of Milton Junction in said County, deceased, and for the determination of the heirs and next of kin of said decedent.

Dated January 7th, 1916.

By the Court:
CHARLES L. FIFIELD,
County Judge.
Ed. D. McGowan, Attorney for Petitioner.

STATE OF WISCONSIN
CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK
COUNTY.

James R. Lamb, Plaintiff.

James Young, Margaret Young, Mary E. Nelson, Archie Reid, Mary Catherine Jones, Executrix of the estate of E. W. Jones, deceased, Alice W. Schleslak, Ida B. Bailey, George W. Jones, Lotie W. Jones, Charles E. Jones, Nicholas W. Young and John Cunningham, Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale made in the above entitled action on the 15th day of October, 1914, the undersigned sheriff of Rock county, state of Wisconsin, will sell at the west entrance door to the basement of the court house in the city of Janesville, Rock county, Wisconsin, on the 15th day of February, 1916, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon of that day the real estate and mortgaged premises directed by judgment to be sold or so much thereof as may be sufficient to raise the amount due to plaintiff for principle, interest and costs and in said judgment of foreclosure described as follows:

The west one-half (1/2) of the north-east quarter (N. E. 1/4) of section thirty-six (36) township three (3) North, range eleven (11) east in the town of Center, Rock county, Wisconsin.

A. O. CHAMBERLAIN,
Sheriff, Rock County, Wisconsin.
Dated December 20, 1915.

STATE OF WISCONSIN
CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK
COUNTY.

Clara M. Wixom, and James R. Lamb, As Administrators of the Estate of E. P. Wixom, deceased. Plaintiffs,

James Young, Margaret Young, Mary Catherine Jones, Executrix of the Estate of E. W. Jones, deceased, Alice W. Schleslak, Ida B. Bailey, George W. Young, Lotie W. Jones, Charles E. Jones, Nicholas W. Young, and John Cunningham, Defendants.

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The south-west quarter (S. W. 1/4) of section twenty-five (25) township three (3) North, range eleven (11) east in the town of Center, Rock county, Wisconsin.

A. O. CHAMBERLAIN,
Sheriff, Rock County, Wisconsin.
Dated December 20, 1915.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

STATE OF WISCONSIN,
County Court for Rock County.

Notice is hereby given that at a Regular Term of the County Court to be held in and for said County, at the Court House, in the City of Janesville, in said County, on the 1st Tuesday of September A. D. 1916, beginning September 1, 1916, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matters will be heard, considered and adjusted:

All claims against Paul F. Steigman, late of the Town of Rock, in said county, deceased.

All claims must be presented for allowance to said Court, at the Court House in the City of Janesville, in said County, on or before the 6th day of July, A. D. 1916, or be barred.

By the Court:
CHARLES L. FIFIELD,
County Judge.

For the convenience of its patrons and the public generally, the Gazette has established a branch office with J. P. Baker & Son Drug Store, corner West Milwaukee and Franklin streets.

Copy for classified advertisements, orders for papers, subscriptions and matters of this nature, as well as items of news may be left at the Baker Drug Store, and will receive the same prompt attention as if they were sent direct to the office.

You can own your own home easily by reading and acting on the offers contained in Gazette Want Ads.

FORTY YEARS AGO

Janesville Daily Gazette, Jan. 14, 1876.—The members of the legislature returned home today, but body having adjourned until next Monday night.

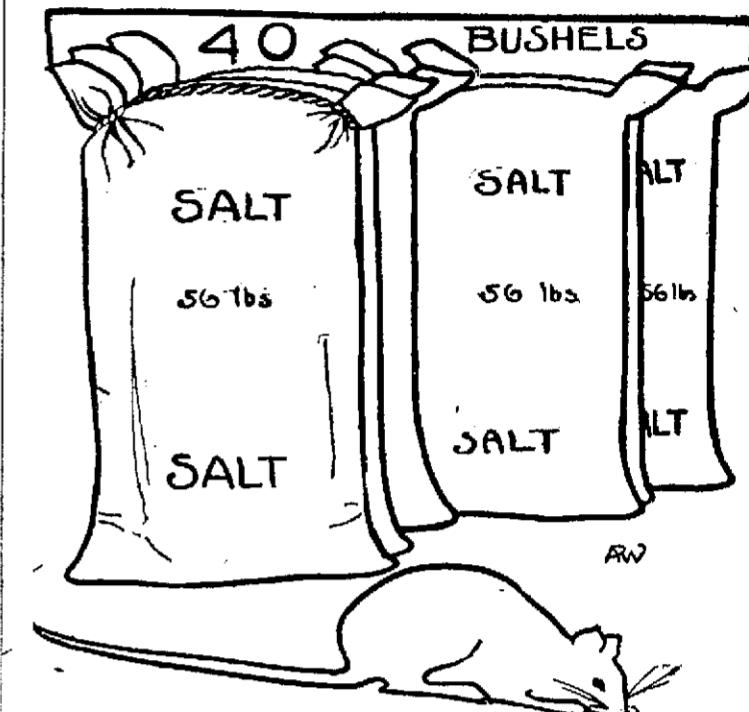
This morning a severe accident occurred at Milton, which serves as another lesson to those who make a practice of boarding trains while in motion. The victim is a young man, Frank Fellows, from Johnston, who was attending the college, who was attempting to get on freight train No. 14, slipped, and one of his feet going under the cars was cut off above the ankle, the wheels passing over it crushing the joints and the bones in such a terrible manner.

The thermometer this morning at seven o'clock stood at twenty degrees below zero.

Something To Do

Conducted By A. S. BENNETT

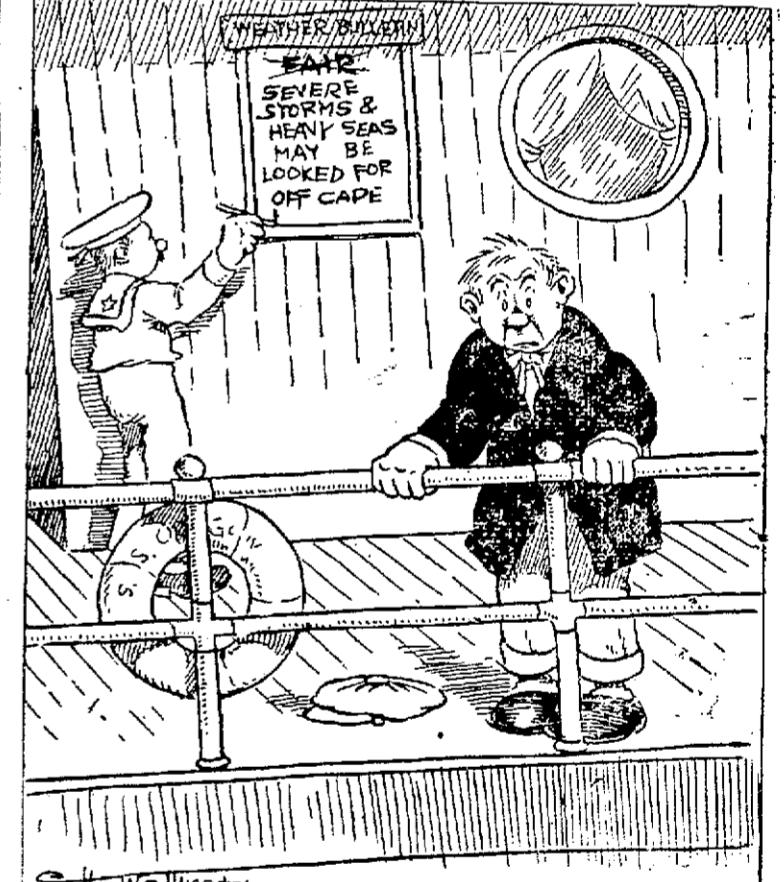
Something To Puzzle Over



This picture represents the name of a country. Can you guess it? If you think you have this word correctly, consult your big dictionary and you may find the rest of the word.

Protected by The Adams Newspaper Service

--And the Worst is Yet to Come



COUPON HEART COUPON

Two Beautiful Volumes Full Limp Binding

HOW TO GET THEM ALMOST FREE

Simply clip Five Coupons like this one and present together with our Special Price of 98c at the office of the JANESEVILLE GAZETTE

5 Coupons and 98c both these \$3.00 Volumes

Beautifully bound in seal grain, limp binding; cardinal covers, stamped in gold, red edges, round corners; finest half-tone illustrations.

Out-of-town readers will add 10c extra for postage.

"HEART THROBS"—The two most famous books of their kind in the world. 900 pages, 726 selections. Prose and Verse, Wit, Pathos, Wisdom. The chosen heart-favorites of 50,000 people. At least 300 of the selections to be found nowhere else.

A. O. CHAMBERLAIN,
Sheriff, Rock County, Wisconsin.
Dated December 20, 1915.

BRANCH OFF

Reasons Why You Should Use C. E-Z Lamps

"PUTS COMPLETE SATISFACTION INTO GAS LIGHTING"

Gives a white, soft, restful light.

You cannot procure as much light at an equal cost---

90 c. p. 1-3 of a Cent Per Hour.

3 Hours Per One Cent

Use three thimble size long life "rag" mantles

Can be carried in your pocket and not injured.

**Mantles, 7c Each;
75c Per Dozen**

Equipped with self-lighting attachment. A pull of a chain operates the light.

Can be attached to any upright fixture.

Will not discolor lighting fixtures.

Can be installed in your own shades or with imported alabaster shade of beautiful design.

Low purchase price--

**Burner Complete With Self-Lighting Attachment - 90c
With Glassware - - \$1.25**

The advice of our lighting specialists is yours any time, free of charge.

Make your home modern, convenient and cheerful by using C. E-Z Lamps.

NEW GAS LIGHT COMPANY

Both Phones 113

OF JANESEVILLE

7 North Main Street